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NO. 182. LIMA, OHIO, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1898. PRICE { PER WEEK, 10 CENTS / SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

TEEN HUNDRED

e at Newport News This Morning and Embarked Cruisers

HARVARD—LEFT TODAY FOR SANTIAGO.

s Expected, Will Reach the Cuban Coast by Sunday—No Important News From Santiago.

ews:
ews, June 23—Fifteen
s to reinforce Shafter,
this morning, and will
on the cruisers Yale and
antiago. It is thought
will reach the Cuban

T CABLE

Cuba With Spain ed---Will Never

e Another Official Dis- m Her Cuban Colony.

News.
Este, Cuba, June 23.—
s from Marblehead and
re today completing
of removing the mines
lmansra channel. It is now
teal into the inner bay
the Spanish gun boat hid-
There is no longer any
hat the cable cut yesterday
ouis is the last line con-
a with the outside world,
never again receive another
atch from her Cuban col-

ESIDENT PLEASED

s of the Landing of the Army— ct Be of Tremendous Force.

n News:
ton, June 23.—The Presi-
caller today that he was
pleased with the news of
of the army. He thinks
effect alone will be of tre-
force. He said no expedi-
be sent to Porto Rico until
bject is accomplished.

KISSED THEM.

rvera Appreciates the Bravery of Hobson and His Men.

he NEWS.
rk, June 23.—A special to
says that Admiral Ceavera
bson and his men on the
as a mark of his apprecia-
eir wonderful bravery.

MILES

antiago—Subscription Loans Under o Aggregate $57,000,000.

The News
ngton, June 23.—The amount
bscription loan in amounts
e hundred dollars, aggregate
n million dollars. It is now
at Miles is to go to Santiago.

NOT NECESSARY

Stamp to Domestic Money Orders.

o the News:
ington, June 23.—Officials of
sury and postoffice department
his morning that it is not nec-
affix a stamp to domestic
rders. Additional charge of
e of a stamp will be made
e money order is issued. This
tion of the war revenue law
l the use of thirty-two million,
ase, not to be changed till the
exhausted.'

EXPEDITION

Rico Will not be Delayed After Rein- orcements are Sent to Shafter.

o The News:
hington, June 23.—The Porto Rico expedition will not be delayed after reinforcements are sent Shafter.

The plans made a month ago have not been altered. General Merritt will accompany the third detachment of troops for Manila, which sails Monday. General Otis follows with the fourth detachment in a few days.

NOTHING IMPORTANT

Received by the President From Santiago—A Pitched Battle May Soon Occur.

Special to The News:

Washington, June 23.—Neither the president, war or navy departments have, today, received further important news from Santiago, although reports of skirmishing are expected. The only information received came to General Greeley and related to the improvements and extension of cable and telegraphic lines near Santiago. Gen. Corbin says he doubts if a pitched battle will occur for two or three days.

RUSSIA'S AMBASSADOR

Was Presented to President McKinley This Morning.

Special to The News.

Washington, June 23.—Count Cassini, the new ambassador from Russia, was presented to the President today.

BY SATURDAY

It is Expected Santiago and Cervera's Fleet Will

Either be Captured or Destroyed—Combined Attack Will be Made by Our Fleet and Army.

Special to the News.

Washington, June 23.—It is Shafter's plan to surround Santiago bay and cut off all important retreat to the interior and capture the whole military naval outfit. Troops are being landed on both sides of Santiago and it is expected before Saturday that Santiago, with its fortifications and Cervera's fleet will be either captured or destroyed as soon as the military possess the hills back of Santiago. A combined attack of the fleet and army will be ordered.

At 1 o'clock this morning the last of Shafter's army invasion was landed at Baiquiri.

LAUGHED AT

Is the Report That Germany Attempted to Land Marines at Manila.

Special to The News:

Washington, June 23.—The story that Germany has landed marines at Manila is laughed at. It is stated that if Germany attempted to land marines the first news received would be of a big battle.

Steamer transfer No. 1, which was incorrectly reported wrecked a few days ago, has safely arrived at Vancouver from Alaska, where she carried a large batch of cattle. She reports that there are about 1,000 head of cattle and a large number of horses at Pyramid harbor destined for the Klondike.

Senator Foraker has introduced a bill authorizing the organization of a division in the volunteer army to consist of colored immunes. It provides that the division shall include not to exceed six regiments; that the men shall be recruited from the nation at large, and that the president shall appoint the necessary officers.

PEACE OR WAR.

That is Reported to Be the All Absorbing Topic in Madrid—The Desire for the Former Almost Unanimous.

LONDON, June 23.—The Daily Telegraph publishes Thursday morning a long letter from Madrid, in the course of which the writer says:

Peace or war is the all absorbing topic. Every fifth word shouted in the overcrowded cafes is "paz" or "guerra," and the desire for peace is unanimous. The feeling of the nation and the military party especially is, however, that the government has betrayed the country and now only wants to arrange for peace to save the dynasty and itself.

Therefore, peace must be made with the nation's express consent, not behind its back, by private letters to the pope and the Austro-Hungarian emperor. It may be desirable to uphold the monarchy, but the country must be saved even though the dynasty were to disappear in the effort. In fact the government has succeeded in placing the dynasty in an unenviable light and in ranging it against the Spanish army, and it has also made the question of peace and war a choice between the interests of the dynasty and the welfare of the Spanish people.

A Lynching in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., June 23.—News of a lynching in Hillsville, Carroll county, has just reached here. Some weeks ago a farmer named Howlett had a land dispute with a neighbor named Allen and shot and killed him. Howlett was arrested and jailed at Hillsville. Monday morning about 2 o'clock a mob entered the jail, seizing the prisoner, shot him to death.

His Horse Balked on the Track.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., June 23.—Fred. Profitt, a farmer, his wife and their daughter Lulu, aged 16, were instantly killed by a Chicago Great Western train near Faucett, Mo., at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening. Myrtle, aged 13, and a baby 2 years old were fatally injured. Profitt's horses balked on the track at a road crossing.

The Schooner John Fritz Launched.

WEST BAY CITY, Mich., June 23.—The Bessemer steel schooner John Fritz said to be the largest craft ever floated on fresh water, was launched at Wheeler's ship yard Wednesday afternoon. She is 456 feet over all, 50 feet wide and 28 feet 6 inches deep and equipped with all the latest appliances.

Flood in Berlin.

BERLIN, June 23.—A tremendous hail and rain storm burst upon the city at 11 o'clock Wednesday night. Basements were flooded and great damage was done to windows and trees. The fire brigade had 30 calls to assist in coping with the flood. There have been many narrow escapes from drowning.

Will Listen to No Peace Negotiations.

LONDON, June 23.—The Paris correspondent of the Standard says: "There is no belief here in rumors of peace negotiations, as it is considered altogether improbable that the United States would listen now that she has landed troops in Cuba."

COMMODORE SILAS CASEY.
(One of the Most Popular Officers in the American Navy.)

Heavy Failure at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., June 23.—The immense clothing establishment of E. R. Hull & Dutton, at No. 126 to 136 Ontario street, was placed in the hands of an assignee Wednesday. Mortgages aggregating $144,000 were filed with the county recorder. They are in favor of Root & McBride Bros., Foot & Reed, Rosenberg & Aaranson, Fechheimer, Fischel & Co., and a number of others. Mr. Frank Ginn has been appointed assignee. It is understood that the liabilities are about $300,000, and the assets about $500,000.

Attempt to Hold Up a Street Car.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Four men attempted to hold up the Twenty-second street electric car Wednesday night at Twenty-second and Loomis streets, and in the fight which ensued one of the highwaymen, "Red" Graves was shot by the conductor. He was taken to the county hospital, where at midnight the physicians could not say how serious his wounds were. Another of the highwayman, John Haggerty, was caught by the police.

LANDED.

They Were Disembarked at Daiquiri With But Little Resistance From the Spaniards.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT DELIGHTED.

The Vicinity Was Shelled For Some Time by the American War Ships Under Adm. Sampson.

One Man Was Killed on the Texas—Ten Submarine Mines Removed From the Channel of Guantanamo—Landing of Troops Begun at 9 O'clock.

Special to The News.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Official dispatches received Wednesday night by both Secretary Alger and Secretary Long indicated that the landing of the troops near Santiago was progressing most favorably. The first landing was effected at Daiquiri Wednesday morning and met with comparatively slight resistance. This was stated in a dispatch received Wednesday evening by Secretary Alger, though brief, was full of news and meaning. It follows:

PLAYA DEL ESTE, June 22

Secretary of War, Washington.—OFF DAIQUIRI, Cuba, June 22.—Landing at Daiquiri this morning successful. Very little if any resistance.

(Signed.) SHAFTER.

Secretary Alger expressed himself as delighted at the expedition with which the landing of the troops was being effected and with the fact that no serious obstacle was being offered by the enemy. He construed the text of Gen. Shafter's message to mean that the enemy had made merely a nominal and ineffective resistance by firing from the hills at long range. Shortly after Secretary Alger received his dispatch, Secretary Long received a more extended cablegram from Adm. Sampson. It too was dated at Playa del Este, at 6:50 Wednesday evening. The text of the dispatch translated from the navy department cipher is as follows:

"Landing of the army is progressing favorably at Daiquiri. There is very little if any resistance. The New Orleans, Detroit, Castine, Wasp, and Suwanee shelled vicinity before the landing. We made a demonstration at Cabanas to engage the attention of the enemy. The Texas engaged the west battery for some hours. She had one man killed. Ten submarine mines have been recovered from the channel of Guantanamo. Communication by telegraph has been established at Guantanamo.

(Signed.) "SAMPSON."

In both army and navy circles the information contained in the dispatches of Gen. Shafter and Adm. Sampson was received with intense satisfaction. The landing of so large a body of troops as Gen. Shafter at present has under his command is a task of immense proportions. A prominent official of the war department said Wednesday night that the complete debarkation of the troops, animals, field guns and supplies within a week after their arrival off the Cuban coast would be a task well accomplished. It is probable, in the opinion of the officer referred to, that only a partial landing of the troops was effected Wednesday and that the landing will be continued from day to day until completed. It is not unlikely, too, that the troops will be landed at several places along the coast within a short distance of the headquarters which Gen. Shafter will establish for himself.

Adm. Sampson's dispatch indicated that he was carrying out his instructions thoroughly to clear a way for the landing of troops. The demonstration which he made with the Texas before Cabanas, which is just east of Guantanamo, may easily have led the Spaniards to suppose that a general landing was to be attempted in that immediate vicinity. It was evident from the text of Adm. Sampson's dispatch that a considerable landing had already been effected near Guantanamo as he noted that communication by telegraph had been re-established at that point, and that the channel had been cleared of submarine mines. In the opinion of naval officers the landing at Guantanamo was of marines rather than of land forces.

The cable station through which the American commanders will communicate with the departments in the city has been established, as shown by the dates of the dispatches received Wednesday evening, at Playa del Este, a small place directly on the coast and about fifteen miles east of Santiago. The change was made from Camp McCalla to Playa del Este in order that the station might be nearer the scene of action.

OFF DAIQUIRI, June 22, via Playa del Este, Guantanamo Bay, June 22.—At 9 o'clock, the hour supposed to have been fixed for commencing the disembarkation, came and passed, the expedition was in suspense, but the squadron lay rocking complacently outside the little bay.

About 9:15 a. m., the bombardment of the hills surrounding the village of Juragua, some six miles off, suddenly began to distract our attention from our own affairs. Then steam pinnaces, trailing strings of empty boats began speeding to and fro among the transports, and gradually, though imperceptibly, filling up with troops.

At 9:45 Cuban scouts appeared west of Daiquiri, and immediately the New Orleans, Machias, Detroit, Suwance and Wasp began bombarding. Forty-five rounds were fired into the bush during the first quarter of an hour and many rounds from the quick-firing guns. Not a shot was fired in response.

At 9:50 the first boat load, containing the men of the 8th and 1st infantry, started for the shore, followed by the 25th (colored), the 10th, and 12th infantry at 10.10.

Prodigious cheering from the shore, caught up by the nearest ships and flying from vessel to vessel through the squadron, announced the momentous fact that the American army had begun a landing on Cuban soil, the honor of setting the first foot on the island falling to a detachment of the 8th infantry that was towed ashore by the tug Wampatuck.

The important operation thus successfully completed without loss of life or accident, the troops on land formed and moved up and away to quarters without confusion. A force of mounted Cubans, which had been under cover during the bombardment now arrived and congratulations were exchanged. The inhabitants of the village, assured that the worst was over, came out—colored women and children creeping into sight from subterranean shelters.

At 11:30 a detachment of the 2d Massachusetts volunteers started for the shore, and by noon probably 3,000 men had landed. Other detachments were following as rapidly as the steam launches could be made available.

The sea was suspiciously calm and the sky clear. A cool breeze was blowing. The troops were in the highest spirits, and the strains of "Yankee Doodle" were greeting every string of boats coming in.

A correspondent going ashore at 12:10 p. m. found that the Spaniards had done little wanton mischief. A round house, a locomotive, several cars and the railway offices had been destroyed, but the bulk of the village was left standing intact.

The firing on Juragua still continues as this dispatch is filed, but it is desultory and is directed over the first line of hills to clear the country beyond.

The Torrey Rough Riders.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 23.—The Torrey rough riders, numbering 1,200 Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, Nevada and Idaho cavalrymen, left here with their horses and full equipment Wednesday for Jacksonville, where they will report to Gen. Lee. The regiment is well drilled and it is expected will compare favorably with any organization in the service.

A Hanging at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—John Thomas Chuetz was hanged in the city jail yard Wednesday morning. The crime for which Thomas Chuetz paid the penalty was the murder of his sweetheart, Annie Rausch, because she refused to marry him.

MARKET REPORT.

CINCINNATI, June 22.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $4.85@5.00; family, $4.35@4.65; spring patent, $5.35@5.75; winter patent, $4.50@5.40; fancy, $4.25@4.65; family, $3.70@4.00; extra, $3.40@3.65; low grade, $2.75@3.00; rye, northwestern, $3.10@3.20; do city, $3.10@3.20.

WHEAT—Ruled dull but steady at 80c for No. 2 red.

CORN—Sales: Yellow ear, track, 37c.

OATS—Sales: No. 3 mixed, track, 26½c; No. 3 white, track, 28½c; No. 2 mixed, track, 27c; do, to arrive, 26½c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $3.90@3.95; select butchers, $3.85@3.90; fair to good packers, $3.75@3.85; fair to good light, $3.40@3.65; common and roughs, $3.00@3.70.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.15@4.70; good to choice butchers, $4.10@4.65; fair to choice butchers, $3.10@4.00; common, $2.50@3.00.

SHEEP—Extras, $3.85@4.00; good to choice, $3.25@3.75; common to fair, $2.50@3.15; yearlings, $4.00@4.75.

LAMBS—Stock sheep, $3.25@4.00; extras, $6.25@6.40; good to choice, $5.75@6.15; common to fair, $4.75@5.65.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6.00@6.50; extras, $6.75@7.00; common and large, $4.00@5.75.

CHICAGO, June 22

WHEAT—June, 82½c; July, 74c; August, 68⅞c; September, 67½@67⅝c; December, 67½c.

CORN—June, 31c; July, 32½c; September, 33c; December, 33⅜c.

OATS—June, 24c; July, 23½c; September, 20⅞c; May, 23½c.

BARLEY—Cash, No. 3, 31@35c.

RYE—Cash, 42½c; July, 42½c; September, 43½c.

PITTSBURGH, June 22.

CATTLE—Choice cattle, $4.90@5.00; tidy butchers', $4.75@4.85; fair, $4.40@4.60; common, $4.00@4.30; heifers, $3.50@4.50; bulls, stags and cows, $2.25@4.50; fresh cows, $20@45.

HOGS—Prime heavies, $4.10; best Yorkers and mediums, $4.05@4.10; light Yorkers, $4.00@4.05; pigs, $3.95@4.05.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Choice sheep, $4.40@4.42; good, $4.30@4.35; fair, $4.15@4.25; choice yearlings, $4.90@5.10; common to good, $4.00@4.65; spring lambs, $4.50@6.25.

CALVES—$6.50@7.00.

REINFORCED.

Troops Leave Camp Alger to Augment Gen. Shafter's Army at Santiago.

GEN. GUY V. HENRY IS IN COMMAND.

They Go to Newport News, Va., and Then by Steamer They Go to Santiago.

Some of the Soldiers at Tampa May Be Attached to This New Division—They Will Likely Be Dispatched in Separate Transports.

Special to The News.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—To the delight of all true soldiers, Gen. Shafter, like Adm. Sampson, is not to be tied by exact orders from Washington, but is to be allowed the widest liberty of action in the belief that he, being on the ground, is capable of judging best the propriety of projected movements. The lieutenant colonel, however, who is a member of Gen. Miles' staff and directly in charge of the signal work in Santiago province, communicated briefly with Gen. Miles in cipher the fact that the debarkation of the troops had begun, and that a plan of attack had been arranged.

The re-enforcement of Gen. Shafter actually began Wednesday in the departure of a regiment and a battalion of the troops at Camp Alger for Santiago. They go to Newport News and then by steamer direct to Santiago. If the expectations of the projectors of this movement are realized, these troops are likely to occupy actually less time in the passage than did the first contingent which left Tampa directly, notwithstanding the distance is twice as long.

Formal orders were issued placing Gen. Guy V. Henry in charge of the new division of troops composed of Duffield's and Garretson's brigades, which are to form part of the new division. Probably some of the troops now at Tampa will be attached also, in which case they will be dispatched in separate transport. Gen. Henry is one of the noted cavalry leaders in the army, possibly in the world.

SHORT SPECIALS.

Wednesday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $188,816,980; gold reserve, $165,596,416.

President Faure has invited M. Paul Louis Peytral to form a cabinet which shall be representative of the different republican factions.

Secretary Alger received a cablegram from Gen. Shafter at Playa del Este saying troops had been successfully landed at Daiquiri.

One of the boats of the Russian ship, Bay of Naples, Capt. Coder, from Port Natal, April 25, for Tchio, capsized off Noumea, Wednesday, and 14 sailors were devoured by sharks.

Reports from Manila say a special dispatch from Shanghai indicate the existence of fears that Senora Augusti, wife of Capt. Gen. Augusti, and children have been massacred by the rebels on the Bulacan.

The London newspapers Wednesday announce the probable engagement of Princess Victoria, of Wales, to John Baring, Baron Revelstoke. The formal betrothal is awaiting the approval of Queen Victoria.

A vessel which has arrived at Cadiz reports that she met in the English channel an American vessel which gave chase. This report leads to the belief that the Americans intend to bombard Spanish ports.

Dr. Von Schweninger, Prince Bismarck's physician, has married in Heligoland, in the North sea, the divorced wife of Herr Franz Von Lenbach, the distinguished German portrait painter, who is also one of Bismarck's oldest and most trusted friends.

At Lincoln, Neb., fire Wednesday night destroyed the Fitzgerald four-story building occupied by the H. P. Lau Wholesale Grocery Co., and the Beatrice Creamery Co., the latter one of the largest plants in the west. Loss estimated at $200,000; well insured.

R. D. De La Cortina, who is the accredited agent in the United States of Don Carlos, pretender to the throne of Spain, has returned to this country from Europe, arriving in New York on the steamer Southwark. Although of Spanish birth, Senor Cortina is a naturalized American citizen.

It is now stated on good authority that Maj.-Gen. Merritt will sail for the Philippine islands next Wednesday on the steamer Newport, following the third fleet of transports which will probably get away on Monday. The 7th California regiment hopes to be assigned to go on the Newport with Gen. Merritt.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

AN ISLAND FISHERMAN.

[illegible]

Ochone the ... [illegible]
The stranger took my little ... [illegible]

Why would you go so fast
With him you never knew?
In all the throuble that is past
I never frowned on you.

The light of my old eyes!
The comfort o' my heart!
Waitin for me your mother lies
In blessed innocence

Her lone grave I keep
From all the cold world wide,
But you in life an death will sleep
The stranger beside

Ochone! my thoughts are wild,
But little blame I say.
An ould man hungerin for his child,
Fishin the livelong day.

You will not run again,
Laughin to see me land.
Oh, what was pain an throuble then,
Hoidin your little hand?

Or when your head let fall
Its soft curls on my breast?
Why do the childher grow at all
To love the stranger best?

—"Cuckoo Songs," Katharine T. Hinkson.

The Delights of Pau.

In Pau you will find a quality of softness in the atmosphere which even the greater warmth of Cannes did not supply. You will dwell most probably in one of those great and good hotels, the Gassion or the France, which stand on the high terrace from which you look out over the rushing Gave and away on over numberless billows of foothills, rising higher and higher till they lead the eye to the shining snow peaks of the Pyrenees, culminating in the lofty isolation of the Pic du Midi. Or—there is always an alternative—for a week the whole landscape may be wrapped in haze, and you may have no visible evidence of a mountain within 1,000 miles of you.

By preference, however, let us take the more pleasing alternative. Then after the "little breakfast," which you will supplement if you are wise with something certainly not less solid than an œuf a la coque, you will stroll along the terrace westward past the famous Chateau Henri IV, whose wonderful tapestries you will reserve for the consolidation of your eyes on a weeping day, when the vent du sud has brought a curtain of rain to shroud from you the beauties of the Pyrenees.—Blackwood's Magazine.

The McLeans Ahead.

The following is an amusing instance of the tenacity with which the highlanders hold to the honors and antiquity of their kindred.

A dispute arose between Campbell and McLean upon the never ending subject. McLean would not allow that the Campbells had any right to rank with the McLeans in antiquity, who, he insisted, were in existence as a clan from the beginning of the world. Campbell has a little more Biblical lore than his antagonist and asked him if the clan McLean lived before the flood.

"Flood! What flood?" said McLean.

"The flood that, you know, drowned all the world but Noah and his family and his flocks," said Campbell.

"Pooh, you and your flood," said McLean. "My clan was before the flood."

"I have not read in my Bible," observed Campbell, "of the name of McLean going into Noah's ark."

"Noah's ark!" retorted McLean in contempt. "Who ever heard of a McLean that had not a boat of his own?"—Household Words.

The Humming Bird Flower.

Alletedo avasisis, the wonderful so called "humming bird flower" of the plains of eastern Turkey, stands unique and alone among the many specimens of floral mimicry that have been classified by modern botanists. It is a beautiful blossom of variegated hues, the total length of the entire flower being about 1 3-4 inches. As one might imagine from its name, it is an exact image of a miniature humming bird. The breast is green, the wings deep rose color, the throat yellow and the head and beak almost pure black. The only particular in which it is not a perfect bird is that the stem gives it the appearance of having but a single leg and foot.—St. Louis Republic.

The Teeth.

The teeth are the only bones of the body not protected by the periosteum. The latter is a sensitive membrane, and if the teeth were covered by it every time they touched a hard substance most exquisite pain would be occasioned.

By how much unexpected, by so much we must awake and endeavor for defense, for courage mounteth with occasion.—Shakespeare.

Glycerin was discovered by Scheele in 1789. He considered it the soothing principle of every kind of oil.

Pecos river, Texas, was so named by the Spaniards from its appearance, pecos meaning "freckled."

Madagascar was so named by the early explorers from the Malagasy, or Malays, who inhabited it.

THE NEED OF SLEEP.

It Varies Greatly, but the First Rule Is to Sleep Enough.

It is probable, however, we quite admit, that the effect of night on individuals differs greatly, and that a process of natural selection is continually at work, men who cannot bear night work avoiding it, while those to whom it is recuperative—and every journalist knows such men—throng into the professions in which sitting up, if not obligatory, is at least advantageous. There are extraordinary differences of instinct in this respect, a few men being literally unable to bear night work, while a few others deliberately leave their whole work to be done after the sun has disappeared.

The incapacity and the faculty are connected in some way with the differences in the power of sleeping, which still remains among the perplexities of physicians. Why can some men sleep at will, and some "nervous" men, too, while others, sometimes very "heavy" men with apparently immovable nerves, are tortured by insomnia? Why, too, do some men seem to obtain sufficient rest with five hours' sleep, while others require nine? Do some men "sleep slow," as Mr. Smedley jocularly argued in one of his amusing stories, or do they actually require more sleep? We cannot answer the question any more than the doctors can, but we agree on one side of the subject most heartily with The British Medical Journal. The popular prejudice against sleep works an infinity of mischief. There are plenty of sluggards even among the cultivated class, but the sleep sluggard is in that class a very rare specimen. The tendency of the educated is to wakefulness, and the man who does intellectual work and exhibits what his friends think a disposition to oversleep is obeying a healthy instinct. Sleep recuperates him, and he knows it. The popular notion that a young man who works with his head yet sleeps for nine hours is a sluggard is popular nonsense. No man whose brain is active and who does not drink ever sleeps more than is good for him, and the cure, if he seems to do it, is to let him sleep till he gives his habit up.

Sleep is a delight till you have had enough of it, but five minutes beyond that point it becomes an insufferable bore. Nobody sleeps twice round the clock or once round the clock unless impelled thereto consciously or unconsciously by exhaustion, for which, again, sleep is itself the best and the most natural remedy. The contrary idea has arisen, as, we believe, purely from selfishness, the extreme inconvenience and household upsetting which arise when any one necessary member of the family will not "keep hours." Women, we fear, are constantly injured by the demands made on them in this respect, and so not unfrequently are men, the penalty in the former sex being paid in the shape of nerves on edge and in the latter in a kind of weariness most fatal to fruitful intellectual exertion. We suppose seven hours of sleep suffice for the majority, or they would not have fixed upon that period as the proper stint, but numbers of young men positively require eight, and half the women who think would be the better for ten. There is no rule, of course, and can be none, any more than there can be a rule as to the precise quantity of food which benefits an individual, but opinion should be more merciful than it is. It has hardened itself from studying an old experience and forgets that in our day the nerves are twice as much tried as they were a century ago, and that the grand medicine for the nerves and brain is continuous sleep. Wake any animal from sleep before it has done sleeping and see what its temper is like.—London Spectator.

The Pass Habit.

Speaking of the pass habit the Buffalo Express says: "There is a lawyer in this city who is not satisfied with being the recipient of passes. He likes to issue them himself. He considers that it adds to his importance to be able to write for a friend an order for a couple of theater seats which will be honored at the box office. So he has an arrangement with one of the playhouses by which he may write as many passes as he pleases over his own signature. The orders are taken up at the office and regular tickets issued in the place. The gratified recipient gains the impression that the lawyer is a stockholder in the theater. In reality he pays for the seats at regular rates, a bill being rendered to him monthly. It is a harmless fad, though rather an expensive one."

A Modern Instance.

Mother—Yes, I know you and George are very devoted now, but are you sure that after marriage you won't tire of each other?

Daughter—Well, if we do, we can go into society, and I can join all the charitable associations and women's clubs, and he can join all the social and athletic clubs, and then we'll never see each other, you know.—New York Weekly.

AN ORDER OF NEGRO NUNS

The Only One In the United States Located at New Orleans.

In the old French quarter of New Orleans, with its narrow streets, latticed windows and jealously guarded courts, where the fig and orange tree grow, is a square of rather miscellaneous architecture. Its central building, 717 Orleans street, is several hundred years old. It has a stately entrance, with great pillars and old fashioned, ornately carved doors. It was once the old creole opera house and ballroom of the early days. Now it is the home of the colored nuns.

The powdered and ringleted damsels with hoop distended skirts who stepped daintily across that threshold to scenes of gayety in bygone years have given place to dark robed figures whose white ruffled caps only bring into stronger relief the bronze and ebony of their skins. The very names of the streets here are rich in history and romance. There are Orleans and Bourbon, Chatres and him of the iron hand and gentle heart, Tonty. Shades of the past are jostling one another, though in a gentle, shadelike way, at every street corner, and at nothing do they seem to be more astonished than at the sight of the colored nuns.

Yet the order is not such a very modern one after all, for it was founded in New Orleans over half a century ago. Its members are now well known figures on the streets of the Crescent City. The special object of its institution was the education and moral training of young colored girls and the care of orphans and aged infirm people of the race. It has had the cordial support of such eminent churchmen as Archbishops Blanc, Odin, Perche, Leroy and Janssens, who successively filled the archiepiscopal see of New Orleans. It is also a novitiate where young colored girls are trained for the work of the order with the view of extending that work to every parish in Louisiana, and, if possible, into every southern state.

One of the most interesting parts of the convent is the orphan asylum, where children ranging in age from the wee tots just beginning to walk to girls of 12 and 14 years are cared for. One of the sisters in charge of the babies was an ex-slave. She is a real "mammy" still.

"But, reverend mother, you seem to have some white children here," said the northern visitor, commenting on the fair white skin of some of the children.

"Oh, no," said the nun, smiling a bit wistfully at the ignorance of her visitor, "they all have colored blood in their veins! Maybe they are only quadroons or octoroons. Some of them, indeed, have only one tenth colored blood, but that one-tenth black counts more than the nine-tenths white and makes them belong forever to the colored people."

One is reminded of some of Cable's stories, the pathos and tragedy thereof.

In the orphan asylum 135 children are sheltered who would otherwise be thrown upon the state. These as well as the 60 poor old colored men and women and many of the children in the school are dependent upon the sisters for their daily bread. Formerly the sisters obtained a fair revenue by going through the streets of New Orleans, from door to door and into business houses and railroad offices, soliciting alms for their charges. So quietly did they labor that few outside the city were even aware of the existence of the order, the only colored sisterhood in the United States.—St. Louis Republic.

Make the Best of It.

We may if we choose make the worst of it. Every one has his weak point; every one has his faults. We may make the worst of these. We may fix our attention constantly upon these. But we may also make the best of one another. We may forgive even as we hope to be forgiven. We may put ourselves in the place of others and ask what we should wish to be done to us and thought of us were we in their place. By loving whatever is lovable in those around us love will flow back from them to us, and life will become a pleasure instead of a pain, and earth will become like heaven, and we shall become not unworthy followers of his whose name is love.—Exchange.

The Pipe's Antiquity.

In Asia and Africa, beside America, the pipe dates from prehistoric times, and in Europe generally it has been in use since and during the Roman period, if not before. One of the most learned antiquarians—Dr. Petrie—says that smoking pipes of bronze are frequently found in Irish tumuli, or sepulchral mounds, of the most remote antiquity.

One Exception.

It is very funny to watch a man with a toothache, unless you watch him in a mirror.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

CLOTHED IN GLASS.

This Is by No Means an Impossibility—Excellent Substitute for Silk.

"People who live in glass houses must not throw stones," says the proverb; but what will we do in case our women folks come to dress themselves in glass? In the march of modern invention this seems by no means an impossibility. We are told that a European manufacturer is turning out bonnets by the thousand, the glass cloth of which they are composed having the same shimmer and brilliancy of color as silk, and, what is a great advantage, being impervious to water. In Russia, there has for a long time existed a tissue manufactured from the fiber of a peculiar filamentous stone from the Siberian mines, which by some secret process is shredded and spun into a fabric which, although soft to the touch and pliable in the extreme, is of so durable a nature that it never wears out. This is probably what has given an enterprising firm the idea of producing spun glass dress lengths.

The Muscovite stuff is thrown into the fire when dirty, like asbestos, by which it is made absolutely clean again; but the sun-glass silk is simply brushed with a hard brush and soap and water, and is none the worse for being either stained or soiled. The material is to be had in white, green, lilac, pink and yellow, and bids fair to become very fashionable for evening dresses. An Austrian is the inventor of this novel fabric, which is rather costly. Table cloths, napkins, and window curtains are also made of it. It has also been discovered that glass is capable of being turned into a fine cloth, which can be worn next the skin without the slightest discomfort.

Brief Piece of Mind

"Clara, I love to be with you."

"Why, Edith?"

"When I'm with you I know you are not gossiping about me."—Boston Herald.

SUMMER IN COLORADO.

Special Tourist Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a summer haven. The climate is remarkable for its invigorating effect, and the state is rich in grand scenery and points of interest where a vacation may be pleasantly spent. Special arrangements are being made for the entertainment of visitors who are this season expected to be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of the Rockies and the hills and canyons of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in former years. The fast schedules of the Pennsylvania route and connecting lines bring the Centennial State within easy reach, and the cost of a trip thither is no longer a luxury. The special low rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania Lines places the cost for transportation within the limit of the usual allowance for vacation trips. For special information about rates, time of trains and other details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines ticket agent or address C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

TO MICHIGAN.

New Through Connection Via Fort Wayne.

After June 20th, 1898, Train No. 9 over the Fort Wayne Route leaving Lima at 2:50 p. m. will connect at Fort Wayne daily during the season with a special summer train running via Grand Rapids & Indiana railway, and arriving Kendallville 5.30 p. m., Sturgis 6.35 p. m., Kalamazoo 8.15 p. m., Grand Rapids 9.15 p. m., Petoskey 5.50 a. m., and Mackinaw City 8.00 a. m. The new arrangement will enable persons destined for points in southern, central, western and northern Michigan to go through in quick time, requiring only one change at Fort Wayne Union Station, where passengers merely pass from one train to the other without any discomfort or inconvenience whatever. For special information about the new through connection, reduced rate Tourist Tickets to Michigan points, and other details, please apply to Ticket Agent F. A. Bauchens, Lima, Ohio. 7-j30

Excursion to Indian Lake Park.

Lewistown Reservoir and Bellefontaine via Detroit & Lima Northern, Sunday, June 19th, 50 cents for the round trip. Special train will leave Wayne street station, Lima, June 19th, at 8:40 a. m., and returning will arrive at 8 p. m. Good fishing and bathing at Russels Point. Bring your lunch baskets and plenty of fishing tackle, and we will guarantee you a good catch. Wheels and lunch baskets carried free. 6 3

Chicago & Erie Excursions.

San Francisco, Cal.—June 27 and 28. North American Turners Convention. Fare $78 30 for round trip.

Mansfield, Ohio—June 27 and 28. Ohio State Christian Endeavor Convention. One fare for round trip.

Washington, D. C.—July 3 and 6. National Educational Association Convention. One fare plus $2 00.

Chicago, Ill.—July 12 and 13. Young People's Christian Union of the Universal Church. One fare for round trip.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

Professional and Business Cards

HOTELS.

Brunt's Florentine Hotel, opposite C. H. & D. depot. Hotel and Restaurant. Popular prices. 25 elegantly furnished rooms.

The New Cambridge, opp. P. Ft. W. & C., C. H. & D., L. E. & W. and Lima Northern stations. A. S. Manhard, Prop. Popular prices.

The Harrod, F Market street, Lima, Ohio. Open all hours. Rates, $2. Steam heat and electric lights. J. W. R. Attleberger, Propr.

INSURANCE.

O. F. Kemmer & Co., General Insurance Agents, room 1 Wise Block, Lima, O.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer line, No. 19 southwest corner Public square. Telephone 46, both lines.

DENTISTS.

Dr. McIndoe fills teeth painlessly by electricity. Both 'phones. Cincinnati Block.

PIANO TEACHERS.

Lynn B. Dana, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Studio, rooms 11 and 12 over City Book Store.

PIANO TUNERS.

C. F. Woolery, tuner and repairer of pianos. Satisfaction guaranteed. 223 North Main.

Five hundred stoves wanted to store by the City Truck and Storage House. Household goods moved. E. Stickney, 136 S. Main street. New 'phone 356.

TAILORS.

Amos Brown, Merchant Tailor, Kendall Block. You know the rest.

Joseph Bletzacker, Merchant Tailor, rooms 8 and 9 Satterthwaite block, for your spring suit or trousers.

J. W. McDonald, the Tailor. Telephone for Coatatorium. No. 406 N. Main street.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal Company for Pure Spring Water Ice. 'Phones 164 or 451.

UPHOLSTERING

Neatly done by John Reuthe, at 118 East North Street, Lima, Ohio.

WATCHMAKER.

Chas. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 111 East High, opp Hoover Bros.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

P. A. Kahle, Attorney at Law. Room 1, Collins Block, northwest corner Public Square, Lima O.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments, General Banking.

CHEAP CASH GROCERY.

We have a nice stock of staple and fancy groceries at lowest prices. Country produce a specialty. Give us a call. Tabler & Zimmerman, 201 South Main street. 'Phone 19.

DAIRY STATIONS.

J. H. Berryman, dairy products of all kinds. Free delivery. New 'Phone 155. 106 West Market street.

Milk Station and Country Produce. Everything freshest and best. Lowest cash prices guaranteed. Good country butter a specialty. H. S. Tidd, 208 East North St. 2-11m2

EAT BOWERS' BREAD.

It is always the best. It needs no false claims to attract attention to it.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT SURGEONS.

Dr. A. F. Kaisely, Eye, Ear and Throat Surgeon, rooms 3 and 4, Cincinnati Block, Lima, Ohio. Bell Telephone 452. No charge for examination.

FLORIST.

Mrs. E. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 106. 104 West Market street, Lima, O.

FURNITURE, ETC., WANTED.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents' clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced. A. R. Atkinson.

HATTERS.

Geo. R. Christia, manufacturer and refinisher of Men's Hats. Silk Hats remodeled. Silk and Stiff Hats to order. 127 E. High st.

OLD RELIABLE MUSICAL REPAIRER.

All kinds of musical instruments repaired and tuned and work guaranteed. Filling violin bows a specialty. C. W. Vogle, 109 E. North St.

THE HOME RESTAURANT
134 W. HIGH ST.
Opposite Post Office.
The Best 15 Cent Meal in the City.
SUNDAY DINNERS
A SPECIALTY

NEW YORK
Umbrella Hospital
Re-Covering and Repairing. New Umbrellas and Parasols made to order on short notice. Walking Canes Re-Ferruled. Work guaranteed or money refunded. Baby Carriage Parasols a specialty. Baby Cabs retired. Drop a postal and we will call. Goods delivered free of charge.
P. J. SHAVELIA & CO.
8+ Northeast Corner Public Square' Lima O.

Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Murphy,
Physician and Accoucheurs.
Devote special attention to family practice and to the ladies during the lying-in. Confinement charges $5.00, including attendance during the usual nine days. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence 619 North Main Street. Bell Telephone, 247.

LAMISON & THRIFT,
ATTORNEYS
And Counsellors-at-Law. Rooms 21, 22 and 23 Metropolitan Block. Both 'phones. Loans negotiated. Notary in office. jun17-1yr

RALPH P. KILLEN,
....Dentist....
Artificial Teeth, Crown and Bridge Work, Gold, Silver Amalgam and all kinds of Fillings, and everything pertaining to modern dentistry done in a scientific manner at ... reasonable prices.
O'Connor Block, North of Court House, Lima, O.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect Nov. 28, 1897, at 4:45 o'clock a. m.

No.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:27 a m
7	leaves "	2:32 a m
11	" " except Sunday.	5:45 a m
1	arrives " " "	9:15 a m
1	leaves " " "	9:41 a m
5	arrives "	12:30 p m
5	leaves "	12:35 p m
8	arrives "	4:00 p m
8	leaves "	4:05 p m
13	arrives " except Sunday	9:25 p m
61	Sunday only, leaves.	7:58 a m
	NORTH.	
2	arrives daily, except Sunday	8:20 a m
2	leaves " " "	8:25 a m
14	leaves " " "	5:55 a m
4	arrives " "	12:25 p m
6	leaves " "	12.40 p m
4	arrives " except Sunday	4:28 p m
4	leaves " " "	4:33 p m
10	arrives " " "	9:30 p m
12	arrives " "	1:25 a m
12	leaves " "	1:35 a m
61	Sunday only, arrives	7.40 a m
61	" " leaves	7:43 a m
62	" " arrives	10:20 p m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

New Time Card, taking Effect March 6, 1898

No.	EAST FROM LIMA.	
4.	Daily	7.35 a m
6.	Daily	8:30 a m
36.	Daily except Sunday	11:25 a m
20.	Daily except Sunday	3:15 p m
8.	Daily	9:30 p m
2.	Daily	10:50 p m
	WEST FROM LIMA	
15.	Daily	2:10 a m
5.	Daily	3:32 a m
39.	Daily except Sunday	9:50 a m
9.	Daily	2:50 p m
35.	Daily except Sunday	6:10 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

In effect Sept. 5, 1897

No.	WEST.	
1	arrives..	9:40 a m
1	depart	9:50 a m
3	arrives..	2:25 a m
3	depart	2:45 a m
5	arrives	4:45 p m
129	Minster accommodat'n, leaves.	4:50 p m
	EAST.	
6	leaves	7:20 a m
4	arrives	1:25 p m
4	leaves	1:45 p m
2	arrives	7:15 p m
2	leaves	7:30 p m
128	Minster accommoda'n, arrives.	3:10 p m

D. & L. N. R. R.

No.	GOING NORTH.	
6	Vestibuled express, daily ex. Sun.	11:30 a.m
2	Daily	6:15 a.m
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	6:43 p.m
	GOING SOUTH.	
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation.	7:15 a.m
1	Daily ex. Sunday	1.22 p m
3	Express, daily ex. Sunday.	7.45 p.m
7	Sunday only	12:20 a.m

ERIE R. R.

In effect Nov. 28, 1897.

No.	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11.22 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:15 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
91	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday.	7:00 a m
13	Wells-Fargo lim'd express, daily except Monday	4:59 p m
	EAST.	
8	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	3.30 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3:49 a m
32	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

OHIO SOUTHERN R. R.

In effect May 22, 1898.

TRAINS SOUTH.	TRAINS NORTH.
No. 1 leaves 5:45 a m	No. 2 arrives 11:05 a m
No. 3 leaves 3:30 p m	No. 4 arrives 9:30 p m

Trains Nos. 1 and 3, leaving Lima at 5:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m., make direct connections for all points south and southeast. Baggage checked through from any residence in Lima to any point on or reached via the Ohio Southern. For further information as to rates, etc., call up city office, 75 Public Square. Telephone 39.

F. E. FISHER,
Gen. Pass Agt. O. S. Lima, O.

FIVE HUNDRED STOVES ....
Wanted to Store by the
CITY TRUCK AND STORAGE HOUSE.
Household Goods Moved.
E. STICKNEY,
436 South Main Street.
New 'phone 306.

MRS. E. E. ROGERS,
FLORIST.
Designing a Specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers Daily.
104 West Market Street, 'Phone 106. LIMA, O.

WE WASH BEFORE WE IRON!
A trial will convince you we know our business. Popular prices. Family Laundry a specialty. 'Phone two and the wagon will call. M3+
THE NIAGARA STEAM LAUNDRY,
209 EAST HIGH STREET.

$100,000 TO LOAN.
We have a large amount of Money to Loan on Improved Real Estate (Farm or City) at 5 to 7 per cent. interest. Borrower can pay part or all of principal at any time. Interest stops on amount paid at that date, you pay interest on amount of principal you still have, no more. You are not compelled to pay any stipulated amount on principal monthly. No Building and Loan plan in ours. You will find our terms reasonable. When we tell you we can get you a loan you may depend upon getting it very soon. No delays or disappointments.
OUR MOTTO: "Get our terms and we will get your business." See us
PHOENIX LOAN CO.,
Room 21 (Third Floor) Opera Block. Take Elevator.

MONEY TO LOAN
At the Very Lowest Rate of Interest and on Short Notice. We have a large amount of money to loan on long time, in sums of $300 and upwards, on city property and improved farm lands, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing Cheap Money on Easy Terms will find it will be to their interest to call.
City Property, Vacant Lots and Farms for sale on Small Payments.
C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker,
Rooms Nos. 2 and 3 Holmes Block, Lima, O.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 6 PER CENT, in sums of $300 up, on FARM LANDS AND CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time, with privilege of paying all, or part, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want CHEAP money on EASY terms.
LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, LIMA.
D. C. HENDERSON, Attorney.

MONEY TO LOAN
In sums of $100.00 and upward on long time, improved city and farm property, at low rate of interest. Building loans made. Loans can be made upon the monthly plan if desired. No delay. See us before leaving your application elsewhere.
R. W. WALLACE & CO.
ROOM 6 HOLMES BLOCK, LIMA, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RILLIANT

etail Was the Com-
ent at Opera House.

chool Formally Closed—
Appreciative Audience
: the Hot Weather.

l closing of the St. Rose
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T DO YOU WANT.

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, GEN. KUROPATKIN.
f the Russian Army and Min-
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ady Beautiful."

nison's support Monday
e exceptionally strong and
nteresting to Limaites, sev-
well known here. Miss
an Ohio girl, and Mr. De-
New Yorker. The others
andusky society set.

who contemplate taking a
ing, we will mail for 2c.
illustrated pamphlet, which
arge number of fine en-
every summer resort be-
land, Toledo, Detroit and
Mackinac. It has many
-tones of points of interest
r Lake region. Informa-
ing both short and extend-
sts of transportation and
tc. Address A. A. Schantz,
etroit, Mich.

LABOR LORE.

Federal Union No. 7098.

Promptly at 7:30 o'clock President McFarland, of No. 7098, called the members to order, and instructed Secretary Sam Stewart to call the roll. This took some time, as the list is large and the absentees were noted. There were about thirty-five members noted absent, but nevertheless the hall was pretty well filled, while in waiting for initiation were twenty-one members.

A copy of the constitution was on exhibition, but will not be ordered printed until the organization is in good financial standing.

Forty-five new application blanks were filled out and put into the hands of the proper committees for investigation. These will be reported upon at next session.

There was an order given to get but 1,000 more application blanks, as the old stock was run out.

This union is growing rapidly, and no member is admitted without going through a thorough investigation by the committee. No man who neglects his family or in any way abuses them will be admitted into the Fedral Union, if sufficient evidence is brought to bear that he has been guilty of such neglect.

This organization of workingmen takes in all classes of labor irrespective of race, creed or color; all that is required is that he works for a living and has a fair moral character.

Next meeting will be on Wednesday evening, June 29, when about thirty new members will be covered with the shield of the order.

Notes.

This evening the iron moulders will meet at Trades' Council hall. Every member in good standing in the union should be present. Business of vital importance is the occasion for this urgent attendance.

Some union men have been accused of not doing the "square thing" at the recent Democratic convention held in Wapakoneta. Some have been accused of even "selling out," and now are going around among the unions trying to exonerate themselves from any dirty work in the convention. All the labor editor has to say in this respect is for those union men to keep away from politicians—no matter to what party they belong—and they will never be accused of any gerrymandering. But just so long as they drill with the average politician and chronic office seeker they must expect to be accused of anything mean outside of murder, and the only thing to do is grin and bear it alone, as labor unions have too much work to do during meeting hours than to listen to the accused's tale of woe. Keep out of bad company—the politicians—and you will be relieved of many of your social sins, and your conscience will not even accuse you.

The executive committee are at work on the Labor Day affair. Hope they will meet with good encouragement.

The printers special meeting yesterday selected a committee to inquire into and find the best time and place for holding a day's outing. The committee will report at next regular meeting of the union.

Any of the boys wishing to have cards or other printing done, can get rates from THE NEWS labor editor as reasonable as any office in the state. Just consult him before giving out your work.

Thousands of sufferers from grippe have been restored to health by One Minute Cough Cure. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe, asthma, and all throat and lung diseases. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

The Flying Squirrel Does Not Fly.

Of course the flying squirrel has no wings, and he does not really rise and fly, but good Mother Nature has kindly given him a wide fringe of skin running nearly all the way around his body, which forms a very perfect parachute. When he leaps from his tree top into the air and spreads himself, his parachute and his broad, flat tail enable him to float down easily and gracefully, in a slanting direction, until he alights low down on the trunk of a tree perhaps 50 or even 100 feet distant. Then he clambers nimbly up to its top, chooses his direction, and launches forth again, quite possibly to the same tree from which he started. His flight is simply a sailing downward at an angle of about 45 degrees, with a graceful sweep upward at the last, to enable him to alight easily.—W. T. Hornaday in St. Nicholas.

An Old Time Lobster's Claw.

Over 40 years ago Elias Totman of Phippsburg was fishing off Bald Head, Small Point, when his hook caught in something heavy, and he began to pull up a dead weight that might have been a small anchor. Imagine his astonishment when a huge lobster came over the side—a lobster so big that it weighed 85 pounds, and its claws were 13 inches long and 9 inches broad. The lobster was boiled in a wash boiler because the family kettle was not large enough. About six years ago Mr. A. Y. Johnson of this city came into possession of one of those great claws, that had been kept in the Totman family all those years. The other day he gave the claw to Mr. Henry Sargent.—Portland Press.

ATTEMPTED

To Board the Denver Express and Hit a Switch Stand.

Guy Bowdle Was Conscious to the Last and Gave a Full Account of the Accident.

Train No. 8 on the P. F. W. & C., due here at 9:37 p. m., brought the remains of Guy Bowdle to this city last night. The body was in charge of Undertaker W. E. Rank, of Van Wert, he having been sent to Omaha by Mr. Bowdle, who was in Van Wert at the time the fatality occurred.

Undertaker Grosjean met the train and after preparing the body for burial removed it to the home of Rev. Bowdle.

Undertaker Rank, of Van Wert, says the accident occurred about 2 o'clock last Sunday morning. It seems as though young Bowdle had been in Omaha for some days and was attempting to beat back to Denver.

There is a fast express leaves the exposition city early in the morning, and it was while attempting to board this train the young man met his death. He lived nearly an hour, and during that time was conscious. He told the officials where he lived and how to dispose of the body.

The body was badly mutilated, and one leg was severed entirely from the trunk. There are cuts on the head and back. It is said that while attempting to get the head end, Bowdle struck a switch stand and was thrown under.

The funeral services will be held at the Grace M. E. church tomorrow at 2 o'clock. The remains can be seen at the home tomorrow morning.

LEADERS WON.

Three Top Notchers Took Games and the Hearse Moves.

REDS GET A GAME VIA HILL.

The Uncertainties of Base Ball Its Great Redeeming Feature—What Will the Harvest Be—Detailed Account of Yesterday's Games.

The change of luck in Cincinnati yesterday, only proves the old saying that the unexpected always happens in the world of base ball. The Reds have for some days been in the "dumps" proper. They were playing amateur ball against ex-champions, and a few days since sent a score out to the world that would disgrace the "Cridersville Blues." However, they took a brace yesterday and played a quick, clean, snappy game that made all rooters feel like a farmer boy on circus morning.

It is true of baseball that there are as many ups and downs in the game as there are in the life of a tin-horn gambler or an elevator boy. The Reds' victory yesterday gave birth to hope which springs eternal in the human breast. If they can only take another score today they will break even with Baltimore, and that will not be half as bad. Everybody that ever saw a base ball game, or has had the misfortune to read of one in the Enquirer, is hoping against hope that the Reds will pick up a few more and give Boston the flag, before the Fourth of July

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—3	6	3
Baltimore.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2	4	1

Batteries—Hill and Peitz; McJames and Robinson. Umpires—Snyder and Connolly.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	*—10	11	3
New York.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0—5	10	3

Batteries—Tannehill and Bowerman; Gettig, Seymour and Warner. Umpires—Cushman and Snyder.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Louisville	0	1	0	2	1	1	1	1	*—8	13	3
Washington....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	5	4

Batteries—Magee and Kittridge; Swain and McGuire. Umpires—McDonald and O'Day.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Cleveland.....	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0—5	9	1
Brooklyn.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2	4	1

Batteries—Wilson and O'Connor; Miller and Ryan. Umpires—Lynch and Andrews.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—2	11	7
Philadelphia...	0	1	0	2	2	0	2	0	1—8	13	3

Batteries—Sudhoff and Sugden; Orth and McFarland. Umpires—Emslie and Curry.

Inn's:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14—R.	H.	E.
Chicago.	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—5	13	4
Boston..	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—6	13	2

Batteries—Woods and Donahue; Willis, Lewis and Bergen. Umpires—Swartwood and Wood.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by that firm.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

SPEAK, I PRAY YOU, SWEETHEART.

Speak, I pray you, sweetheart, be your answer
yes or no.
Bid the sparkling gleams of lovelight from my
dreaming pathway go,
Or ope the gates of Loveland—let hoping shed
its light.
Let the glow of sweet affection on my heart
its blessings write.

Speak, I pray you, sweetheart. Shall my soul
forget the pain
That doubt, in darkness brooding, on its anxious lips has lain?
Sing me a song of welcome, and let its sweetness flow
A gracious benediction. Speak, I pray you,
yes or no!

Speak, I pray you, sweetheart. Must this vision fade away?
Shall the rays of dear contentment lose themselves in gloom, or stay?
Will you have me linger, sweetheart, or to grieving go?
Speak the word, I pray you, dearest. Speak,
I pray you, yes or no.

—F. L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

Floured.

A flour covered battalion of small boys moved along the Western boulevard, near Ninety-second street, yesterday afternoon, that would have proved an inspiration to any artist. A little chap of five years had been commissioned to purchase a paper bag of flour at the corner grocery, and as he was on his way home he dropped the parcel, and his wails summoned a flock of sympathizing and diminutive friends, who rallied to the rescue. There were only three pounds of flour in the bag to begin with, and perhaps never since flour was invented has so small an amount covered such an area. Every chap scooped up what he could in his little grimy hands, and during the operation the 5 year-old looked on hopefully. Flour never looked so white before, and he had no idea there was so much flour in the world, for although there were six friends they couldn't begin to lift it all with their 12 small black paws. The baby brain grasped the hopeless truth, and with renewed wails he directed his erring and flour tipped toes homeward.

Spectators gathered all along the line as this miller's brigade moved up the street. The loud cries testified to the boy's distress and were responded to by the mother, who grasped the situation at once. When she laughed everybody laughed, and then everybody threw away flour, and everybody brushed everybody, and the wind blew the rest of it away.

The sun came out, and that was all.—New York Press.

EATING ON THE STAGE.

New Mock Articles of Diet Are Giving Place to the Real.

When I was young and a habitue of behind the scenes, rarely anything genuine in the way of eating and drinking was provided on the stage. The various retainers who were supposed to quaff beakers of red wine in the baronial hall only put their lips to their goblets, or, rather, pasteboard goblets endued with tin foil, colored half way up with crimson paint. If a pot of porter was one of the "properties" in a scene, as it is in the old farce of "The Turnpike Gate," it was merely a pewter vessel with some wool at the top to simulate the froth of the Barclay and Perkins beneath, and if a sirloin of beef were wanted, the property man only supplied a pasteboard sham, from the orifices of which fumes of slaked lime were evolved to imitate the smoke from a hot joint. The only exception to this Barmecide system of entertainment was in the comic opera of "No Song, No Supper," in which a real boiled leg of mutton, turnips and caper sauce were always placed on the table.

But of late years a great change has taken place in this respect. Some authorities are of opinion that the reform in stage play gastronomy dates from the time of the performances of Mr. Charles Kean and his company at Windsor castle in the presence of her majesty and the prince consort, and when in a play by Douglas Jerrold where a dejeuner a la fourchette was represented, the partakers thereof were agreeably surprised to find on the table real cutlets, real potatoes, real bread and real claret. Gradually the unreal faded away from the stage of the London theaters. In "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" real eggs and bacon were served at breakfast, while at the supper in the first act veracious fruit and wine, with equally authentic black coffee, made their appearance.

It is not quite certain as to when the practice of smoking real cigars and cigarettes began to prevail on the stage. Many low comedians of the last century when they played "Moll Flagon" used to smoke a pipe, but there is no absolute evidence as to whether real tobacco was smoked by Tony Lumpkin and his companions in the tavern scene in "She Stoops to Conquer," while as regards the stage cigar one of the earliest appearances of the genuine weed were those smoked by the late Alfred Wigan and George Vining in "Still Waters Run Deep." Some actors never smoke at all in private life, notably J. L. Toole, and that admirable comedian in scenes where the business of the stage compels him to use a pipe takes a few whiffs from a bowl containing dry camomile.

At present it is difficult to find a drama of modern life without several cigarettes in it—the cigar takes too long in smoking—and that manager would be accounted a very stingy individual if he expected the ladies and gentlemen of his company to pretend to drink 5 o'clock tea from empty cups or trifle with paper bread and butter. With two exceptions, however—the harmless boiled potato and the raw turnip munched by Audrey in "As You Like It"—vegetables have not come down to the footlights, but the present is a progressive age, and ere long it may be that real turtle soup and a real haunch of venison will be placed on the hospitable boards of our temples of the drama.—G. A. Sala in London Telegraph.

A glass has been discovered at Pompeii about the size of a half dollar with a convexity, which leads one to suppose it to be a magnifying lens. It has been said the ancients were not aware of this power, and the invention has been credited to several persons of the seventeenth century, but without such a glass how did the Greeks and Romans work those fine gems which the human eye is unable to read without the assistance of a glass? There is one in the Naples royal collection, for example, the legend of which it is impossible to make out unless by applying magnifying power. Among the relics taken from tombs at Thebes are specimens of glass coins with hieroglyphic characters, proving that the Egyptians must have been acquainted with the art of pressing hot glass into metallic molds, an art which has been considered of modern invention.—Boston Herald.

Painfully Introduced.

The happy faculty of smooth, impromptu speaking is not possessed by many. The lack of it often places speaker and subject at a disadvantage.

A well known lecturer who had been invited to serve as a substitute felt some nervousness, knowing he was to fill the place of a more noted man. This feeling was not diminished when he heard himself thus announced by the long limbed keen eyed farmer:

"This 'ere is our substitute. I don't know what he can do. Time was short, and we hed to take what we could git."—Youth's Companion.

He Would Suit.

"Can you cook, knit and do plain sewing, dear?" said the emancipated young woman to the lovely young man upon whom she had been bestowing her attentions.

"Yes," was the timid reply.

"Then be mine!" exclaimed the impetuous lover.—Detroit Free Press.

Greece was formerly Græcia. It had its name from that of its inhabitants.

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Comes home with the bosom slimsy and minus near every button; it is your own fault if you neglect to hunt up a laundry that is careful about these details.

We are No. 212 East Market street. Both 'phones; call No. 85, we will send for your laundry and send it back to you in up-to-date style quicker than any laundry in town.

ENTERPRISE LAUNDRY.

DRINK THE BEST AND ONLY . . . . **BEER**

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Day and Night Service Between **DETROIT AND CLEVELAND** Fare, $1.50 Each Direction. Berths, 75c., $1. Stateroom, $1.75. Connections are made at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest. Sunday Trips June, July, August, September and October Only.

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Until that SPOUTING must be torn off and new SPOUTING substituted. Why wait? You might as well come now and get our prices. They will never be cheaper. You can examine our ROOFING MATERIAL at same time. You know the place.

W. A. SMITH, 200 South Main St.

WHERE TO SPEND THE FOURTH.

Visit Washington and Ohio Troops in Camp—Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

An opportunity for a delightful Fourth of July or vacation trip and a visit to the Ohio Soldiers at Fairfax Court House, Virginia, is presented by the special low rate excursions to Washington over the Pennsylvania Lines for the National Educational Association meeting. Tickets at special reduced fare will be sold July 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, good returning until July 15th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

A number of persons are arranging to make the trip from this locality to see the sights at the National Capital and visit relatives and friends among the soldiers at Camp Alger, near Washington. It will be a delightful way in which to spend the Glorious Fourth. Full particulars about rates, time of trains and other details will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agent F. A. BAUCKENS, Lima, O., or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O. 1jul'98

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119 E Hight Street.

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REPAIRED AS GOOD AS NEW.
Also Upholstering a Specialty.
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301 East North St. . . . . Lima, O.

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Our pride for our country is founded on history. We point to the formation of our government and shout ourselves hoarse over what the past means for us. We take pride in our life as a nation, and we have personal reasons for it. What we have offered in the way of values is what makes you willing to shout for us.

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OPEN ALL NIGHT

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. . . . BEST IN THE CITY.
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PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

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AQUARIUM CIGAR STORE, No 75 Public Square.

D CRAMER'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and Kibby streets.

A GREAT COUNTRY.

The near approach of the Fourth of July makes it in order to descant on the greatness and glory of this country. Only a year or two ago there were to be found thousands who were ready to deny that this was a great country at all—in fact who were ready to declare that it was going to the bow-wows. These fellows are now the loudest patriots. Yes, this is a rouser of a country; but there are some things that must be done to keep it great.

The three principal needs of the country were and are a sound economic, a sound financial and a sound military system. We have, remarks the New York Press, supplied the first for now a year—witness that superlative balance of trade which all the world has noted, which threatens to put the Old World under the New World's foreclosure. We have not supplied the other two. We have the chance of supplying them in the passage of the currency bill now before the house; in the measure already begun for the increase of the navy; in the measure which we hope soon to see introduced for the reorganization of the army, so that of the invincibility of a hundred thousand American troops we may be as sure as we have been made of the invincibility of those 650 carefully picked and rigorously trained men at Guantanamo. This is the time for these things: at the top of the tide, when the flood of material fortune is at the highest. God does not wait forever on nations. God forsakes those who would make him wait too long. The bank of Providence finally dishonors the drafts of the careless, the indolent, the happy-go-lucky, no matter what great account they first had lodged with it. It is with military legislation as with civil. Any great reverse, such as we might expect in war with any country but Spain, would throw this nation into just such a fit of self-disgust and depreciation in regard to its efficiency in war as it so lately experienced in regard to its welfare in peace.

A great country. Yes, but it will not keep itself so. It must be kept so by the prudent provision of its people in the hour when smooth seas and smiling skies coax them to the least of future thought.

BRUTAL COURT MARTIAL.

"One of the strange things in military life is the severity of volunteer commissioned officers as court martials upon soldiers charged with crime. We can understand why a regular will be so; it is his training; his profound contempt for the private soldier and everything that has not the mark of West Point on it explains why he is merciless to the unfortunate victim under him. But why a volunteer officer, who knows his men, knows that they are not criminals by intent but only by accident; knows that their crime is but trifling, not dangerous; knows that the boys are new to military rules; knows that they have sacrificed home and friends and family and loved ones and offered their lives for their country; knows that they will settle into good soldiers; knows that all their strength and pride and will are needed to bear them through the fiery ordeal; knows that they are intelligent and honest and brave and dutiful; why that officer should pass such a sentence on John Lutz, of Co. C, 2nd Regt. is a mystery. Six months hard labor under regimental guard and $10 a month of his pitiful $13 taken from him; prevented from drill to develop the soldier, or else double duty or drill and work to break him down, body, spirit and may be soul, all for what? Because he wrote a criticism of some conditions in his regiment. God help the boys if that is military justice! Is there no big-hearted Abraham Lincoln in the White House to temper justice with Mercy and save the boys? How can we say to the boys to go to the front; how can we give up our boys to a Moloch that devours manhood for relish or knows not the difference between reasonable correction and despotism; between a caution that cures and a vengeance that kills?

Let us have a court of review to military trials to every one of them. Let congress hasten at the beginning of this war to save the boys and give them a chance. There is no need of vengeance, there is no justice in a courtmartial; it has passed into an axiom that courtmartials are organized to convict. That is enough to call congress to the rescue of the victims; and at once before the boys at home get discouraged, not at the danger of the enemy in front, but at the more dangerous enemy that wear shoulder-straps and sits in mockery of justice with the merciless hand of despotism raised to kill.

A few more sentences like that of Lutz will make drafts necessary.

Captain Bell ought to move heaven and earth and hell but what he gets that sentence reduced. He owes it to his men to protect them from this rank injustice, and their suffering friends at home from this needless, unnecessary anguish from a trifle.

The writer of this served over three years in the army: he never was the victim of a courtmartial, nor threatened with one, but he knows what he is writing about. Congress has a duty to the boys that should be attended to promptly.—Delphos Courant.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Of course we love them; we ought to, but when we see the big lie that was sent from Lima about Dr. Kahle's visit here we are excused from living our neighbor for the time. We hope Dr. K. didn't give him that kind of stuff; for it is a great outrage on our town, and somebody ought to be made to smart for it. To bring in the C. K. of A. and Epworth League conventions last week as being endangered is malicious libel. A dollar's trade stolen that way is poor stuff, and our people ought to hunt down that liar, or the man who told him, no matter who he is, and make him pay for his dirty work.—Delphus Courant.

† †

Look out, Boston! Bury your beans and get behind Bunker Hill! Camara is after you!—New York Herald.

† † †

War taxes will be so widely distributed that the individual will hardly feel them. But he cannot avoid seeing them.

† †

When the American sharpshooter gets down to business on Cuban soil the guerrillas will take to the sea.

† †

If Hobson and his brave comrades shall be harmed, Cervera must pay the penalty with his life.

† †

While some of our troops are fighting at Santiago others will be battling at Manila. This is a war of magnificent distances.

† †

The people of Santiago complain that it is not shot and shell that Sampson is throwing into the city. They cry that he is heaving earthquakes at them. Those dynamite shells from the Vesuvius must have landed.

† †

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Having set the war in motion, it is really unkind of Senator Billy Mason to pull out and let it run itself.

TO BE ONE OF US.

Young Vanderbilt Manages a College Paper But Says He Couldn't Adopt it as a Profession.

Young William K. Vanderbilt, who is business manager of the Harvard Advocate, says he takes pleasure in the work, but does not intend becoming a newspaper man.

"It was my aim before coming to college," said he, "to become connected in a business way with one of the college publications. Honestly, I found much pleasure in what was termed the grind and drudgery of soliciting advertisements, buying paper and office supplies, and standing off creditors. I went on the principle that advertising pays, and somehow I met with great success in securing patrons for the paper.

"O, no, I do not intend to adopt journalism as a profession. I have no ability as a writer, and should be sorely tried if compelled to earn my bread with my pen. You see, whatever success I have had has been in a business way. I have to confine myself to appreciating good writing. And as far as entering the business department of a newspaper is concerned, I have no expectations. I probably shall terminate my journalistic career with my college course. But I must say that it is exceedingly interesting work."

Mr. Whitney has bought 1,000 acres of land in the neighborhood of Roslyn. He has 60 horses now stabled on the place, which he will give to his son Harry, many of them fine thoroughbreds. It is the belief among the people at Roslyn that he intends establishing a magnificent stock farm on the land he has purchased for the purpose of breeding race horses.

A Cheap Place.

At Kerman, Persia, meat and bread are under two cents a pound; eggs are five for a cent; chickens are four cents apiece, and a small lamb is nine cents.

One Tells Another of Metellus Thomson's Special Sale

And so the good news for every thrifty woman buyer is spreading. Why shouldn't it spread? Half and one-third price reductions on many articles of the brightest, winsomest wear for women that the markets afford. Read:

A Half Yearly Hat Sale.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Paying $2.50 for a $5.00 Hat is economy of a far reaching sort. But that's exactly what you do when you buy one of our $5 trimmed Hats.

200 trimmed Hats—summer styles in pretty Hats, Bonnets and Toques; Children's Millinery included, at

ONE-HALF PRICE.

Every season in this department witnesses a Clearing Sale of Summer Millinery. This sale is now in progress.

Women's Hats and Bonnets.

Were $1.48, now 74 cents.
Were 2.38, now $1.64.
Were 3.50, now 1.75.
Were 5.00, now 2.50.

RIBBON SALE.

38 and 48c Ribbons at 25c.
50 and 65c Ribbons at 36c.

That's a snug little saving at a time when Ribbons are "all the go." A beautiful whimsie of fashion is ribbon wearing—economically followed if Ribbons are bought here. To-day's special mention are wide Sash Ribbons, rich all silk Taffeta, Moire and Fancies.

METELLUS THOMSON
DRY GOODS CO.
Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

LAWNS.

2,500 yards of Lawns, stripes, flower effects, polka dots, etc. A regular 10c quality, equal in all respects to goods sold at this price, fine qualities, pretty styles. Thomson's Special Price

5 Cents.

Percales.

One yard wide, stripes, bias plaids, checks and figures, colors perfectly fast, quality the finest kind. Thomson's Special Sale Price

5c a Yard.

Silks Reduced.

We have selected from our Silk Department, one large lot of Silks that sold for the following prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. We have reduced them as follows:
50c Silks to 35 cents. 75c Silks to 50 cents.
$1.00 Silks to 75 cents. $1.25 Silks to 85 cents.
$1.50 Silks to $1.00.

Ladies' Bicycle Leggins.

The $1.00 kind, very modish and swell. Thomson's Special Price

69 Cents.

Ladies' Neckwear.

All new ideas, White Lawn Boas, 10c.
Ladies' Satin String Ties 15 cents.
White Pique, Fancy Marseilles Puffs, White Ottoman Silk Puffs, Four-in-Hands in Lawns, Madras and Percales, 15c and 24c; the novelties of the season.

METELLUS THOMSON
DRY GOODS CO.
Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

New Duck Skirts.

New Duck Suits.

Came Yesterday.

Summer Costumes.

The military duck—white, trimmed with numerous rows of blue duck, black trimmed in white; linen colors trimmed in white, blue and red—jaunty and stylish skirts when worn with a pretty white shirt waist. Prices, 48c, $1.38, $1.50 $2.98 and $3.48.

The Duck Suit for $3.98.

Duck Suits in Yale and Navy Blue, Red, etc., handsomely trimmed in white braid.

For $5.00, A White Pique Suit.

Wide welt, stylishly trimmed in blue corduroy.

Every garment sold in our Cloak Department, Suits, Skirts or Waists, are made to fit. A lady tailor is in constant attendance in this department and all alterations are made for our customers free of charge.

METELLUS THOMSON
DRY GOODS CO.
Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

NURSES OPEN AN EXCHANGE.

Cooperative Society Formed in Chicago Under the Patronage of Physicians.

A cooperative society among the trained nurses of the city of Chicago has been formed, the idea being to give an equitable adjustment of the work by means of an exchange. Miss Vina Halson Brown is the head of the organization, and it is her intention to bring all of the nurses of the city into the society, thus giving a central point where an impartial employment of those belonging to this profession can be obtained. The idea is meeting with the approval of all whom the movement interests, especially the members of the medical profession. Many well-known physicians have given their approval and promise to work with the organization to make it a success. The exchange has been opened in the Stewart building, and it is hoped to have it in working order within a few days. Seventy-five nurses have already entered their names as members of the society and are using their endeavors to bring the others in. The advantage is that a physician can secure a nurse without leaving his office by simply telephoning to the exchange. The hospitals are thoroughly in sympathy with the plan, and it is thought that it will be a great aid to them.

RICH ORE FROM MT. BAKER.

Discoveries Made by Robert Florman, a Prospector, May Result in a Stampede.

Robert Florman, a veteran prospector, has returned to Whatcom, Wash., from the Mount Baker mining district bringing 100 pounds of surface samples of ore from the newly discovered ledge which he traced several thousand feet. Three assays of the samples yield $1,100, $1,400 and $3,900 to the ton. The news revived the excitement of last year regarding the Mount Baker country and scores of Whatcom citizens are preparing to start for the gold fields.

The present prospects indicate that at least 1,000 men will be staking claims in the Mount Baker region during July. The new ledge was found a mile and a half from the Lambert ledge, which was found last fall and sold to Portland men, who began development work two weeks ago.

Florman's party also found ledges of copper and iron pyrites very similar to the Rossland ore, the ledges being from two to six feet thick. The Mount Baker district is very rugged, the valleys narrow, and mountains rising at an angle of 45 degrees to from 3,000 to 5,000 feet.

Olive Oil for Typhoid Fever.

The newest treatment for typhoid fever is simply pure olive oil given internally.

Some Large Indian Plantations.

Ten plantations in India cover 25,000 acres.

IS A FAVORED SPOT.

Report on the Resources, Climate and Natives of Philippines.

State Department Issues a Pamphlet of Notes on the Islands—Gold Deposits Found—Yellow Fever Unknown.

"Notes on the Philippine Islands" have been issued by the state department as No. 131 of the advance sheets of the consular reports.

One expert extensively quoted, Frank Karuth, says that extensive gold deposits have been opened up quite near the sea, assuring a large output for many years to come. It has also been proved that they extend over a wide district.

Alluvial gold is found in the island of Mindanao, and there are extensive copper deposits in Luzon. While no true coal has been found there is lignite of a very good quality, quite useful for steam vessels. This in great quantity. Roughly washed alluvial gold has been found to contain rubies and hyacinths. There is no want of labor at cheap rates, and on the whole the general conditions for mining are exceptionally favorable.

Some facts of interest aside from mining are noted. For instance, the Philippine archipelago contains nearly 2,000 islands. Two of them are larger than Ireland, Luzon with 42,000 and Mindanao with 38,000 square miles. Earthquakes are not infrequent. The rainfall is not excessive, nor is it continuous.

The climate is very healthful for a tropical region, and diseases such as yellow fever are unknown. The natives are mostly Malays, but in the interior are remnants of a race of Papuan origin.

The author of the pamphlet speaks in the highest terms of the character of the natives. The family tie is very strong, children are orderly, parents respected and the race has an inbred courtesy and prudence, and ready hospitality is never missing. Eight million inhabit the Philippines; food resources are ample and famine is unknown.

NEW COAST DEFENSE SHIPS.

Latest Naval Appropriation Bill Provides for Vessels of Novel Construction.

An even dozen is the preponderating figure in the designs just practically completed by Chief Constructor Hichborn for the four coast defense vessels authorized in the latest naval appropriation bill. These vessels are to be the most formidable ever constructed for their peculiar purposes, and will include many novelties in modern naval architecture. Under the provisions of the bill their cost, excluding armament, is limited to $1,250,000 each. They will have 12 knots speed, 12 feet draught, 12-inch barbettes, 12-inch Hichborn inclined turrets, 12-inch guns, 12-inch armor, and each of their twin screws will be driven by 1,200 horse-power engines. Their displacement will be just twice 1,200 tons.

The guns will be mounted in pairs in turrets placed a little forward of the midship section, and will have an arc of fire of 300 degrees, which is unequaled in any vessel of the navy. The turrets will be the first constructed with inclined surfaces, which are calculated to deflect any shot striking them. The hulls will have three feet freeboard, covered with armor, and the engines will be more thoroughly protected than those of any battleship afloat.

HAVE NOTHING BUT LAND.

Members of the Dissolved Colony of Zoar Are in a Plight—Ready Cash Gone.

Those who have been most active for years in advocating the dissolution of the Zoarites, near Toledo, O., now regret their action. After the payment of outstanding debts there was nothing left but land, about 7,500 acres.

A part is of the best, some is worthless for farming purposes. The men and women who receive the land have not a cent of money for improvements or for living, and they never have had any. When they lived in common they had plenty. Now they are in need. They have land, nothing else. The 120 members are causing the appraisers so much trouble that they are about ready to abandon the task as hopeless, when such peculiar legal complications would be involved that there is no conjecturing where it would end.

The raising of crops for the year was abandoned, and the members will have absolutely nothing except land. Many are complaining of their allotment, and it begins to look as though the courts would soon be appealed to and much litigation follow.

TO BUILD A MANSION.

William C. Whitney Plans for a Million-Dollar Palace on Long Island.

The magnificent country house which William C. Whitney has just built on his estate at Roslyn, L. I., and to which Mrs. Whitney was moved on Tuesday, is merely a temporary home, although it cost in the neighborhood of $250,000 to build and finish.

He has already had plans drawn for a much more magnificent place, which he will build on the hills about three-fourths of a mile away. The new home will be the finest residence on Long Island, and the building itself will cost $1,000,000.

As soon as this place is completed Mr. Whitney will give the house he is now living in to his son, Harry Payne Whitney, whose wife was Mis Gertrude Vanderbilt.

WANTS

All notices inserted in this column must be paid for in advance. Twenty-five cents is charged for one insertion and 25c for three insertions.

FOR SALE—Light Sample Wagon. Be sold cheap. Apply at Aquarium Cigar Store, 75 Public Square. 8t3

FOR SALE—DISPLAY CARDS—At the News office. "Furnished Rooms," "For Sale" and "For Rent." tf

TO LET — Good, clean kept furnished rooms for sleeping purposes at reasonable prices, one-half square from opera house. Address "Rooms," News Office.

FOR RENT—A house of 12 rooms to rent, next door east of Gazette Block. Inquire of E. W. Jackson, News Office.

WANTED—25 SALESMEN—To sell Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, etc. Apply at the Railroad Wreck Store, 302 North Main St., Thursday evening from 7 to 8 o'clock. 1-2t

Your Opportunity

Now is your clothing opportunity. The spring rush is over, but our stock of fashionable and worthy fabrics is as complete as it ever was.

We have the materials. We want to keep the men employed and to get rid of the materials.

Hence such chances are these.

SHERMAN WERNER & CO.,
308 North Main St.

Excursion to Indian Lake Park.

Lewistown Reservoir and Bellefontaine via Detroit & Lima Northern, Sunday, June 19th, 50 cents for the round trip. Special train will leave Wayne street station, Lima, June 19th, at 8:40 a. m., and returning will arrive at 8 p. m. Good fishing and bathing at Russels Point. Bring your lunch baskets and plenty of fishing tackle, and we will guarantee you a good catch. Wheels and lunch baskets carried free. 6 3

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LL OVER

Shouting---You Can inna's Hired Hands

IAT TO HIS TASTE.

n at Columbus Has Adjourned—Are Reduced to Parts of the e Ready for the Fight in the Fall.

iotic enthusiast has writ-ishers of dictionaries re-at they make the word mmon word, change its ab, and use it as a syno-nihilate," "smash," and The idea was an original s not carried to the limit. have inserted the words n in the list. They would other words and also Republican party. as ever a man at any pletely astride the g. o. and drove his hook-shaped e wethers, of the faithful that man was Mar-Antonious Green Gro- The late convention at emonstrated the fact be-cation or doubt, that Mar-the g. o. p., body and soul, reasonable to say that in facts the g. o. p. is ned, damned and deliv-

vention Hannaites were d despotic in their control. cted neither rights nor but ruled with an iron

e the old boss, Marcus ot present himself. He ountry at its expense, and ness by means of a long-ephone. ention was devoid of all in-ere was no visible opposing

wing state ticket was nom-clamation. Just nine min-ousumed:

e News:

. O., June 23.—The repub-ation Wednesday nominat-owing state ticket by ac- Just nine minutes were

of state, Charles Kinney,

upreme court, W. T. Spear, .

he supreme court, Josiah Athens.

dairy commissioner, Jos. n, of Belmont.

of board of public works, on of Summit.

THE PLATFORM.

Thompson, chairman of the com-lutions, reported the following, pted:

an party of Ohio in state con-bled, adopts the following plat-

nfirm the declaration of facts adopted by the 11th national vention at St. Louis June 17,

congratulate the country upon in response to the demand of the form, and the will of the people he polls in November, 1896, pro-eciprocity, twin measures of re-y, have been re-established and modied into public law by the the Dingley bill.

favor all measures which will restoration and growth of our ine.

reasing trade with our neighbor-on the west coast of South Amer-rent victory in the Philippine is-all the responsibilities at-to, remind us that it is our prosperity and safe-Atlantic and Pacific bor-l by the nearest practicable wa-nerefore, favor the construction States of the Nicaraguan canal, our commerce may be extended ce, and our coasts protected in

sk the congress of the United ge and make more effective our ur country may take and occupy ce among the nations of the t be adequate at all times for t foreign foes to secure the just erican capital, enterprise and all parts of the world, and to ect for our flag everywhere.

most heartily approve of the ng taken by congress and the lding for the annexation of the nis as a part of the United reby express the urgent wish be fully accomplished at the able date by the passage by the joint resolution which has al-the approval of the house of s.

owing that justice and humanity our duty to put an end to the barbarous warfare waged by Cuba, and secure for that un-a free and stable government. rtily approve of the declaration by the United States against edge our lives and fortunes for f bringing it to a quick and suc-lination.

indorse and approve the patri-administration of Wm. McKin-mend the great statesmanship dm in his tireless endeavors to norable settlement of the Cuban plomatic methods, and his fear-o be driven into war until all aceful settlement had failed, and ful steps had been taken to pre-ities. We heartily endorse the e war by the administration and that time will continue, more demonstrate the great wisdom leadership of President McKin-arkably displayed in his man-he war and its conduct, and we im that in the present crisis the ple are united in sustaining him. riotism has completely obliter-vestige of sectional feeling.

e the war with Spain could not approve all that congress has le for the vigorous and success-n thereof, and gratefully thank f that body, who have patriot-e revenues necessary for its con-so commend the action of con-ing for raising necessary funds to carry on the war by popular loan, thus affording an opportunity to citizens of moderate means to invest in the bonds of the government.

Tenth—We reaffirm the republican doctrine that every qualified voter has a right to cast his vote and to have that vote counted, and we commend the action of a republican congress in securing the right of suffrage to our soldiers while absent from their homes, fighting for the republic, against a foreign foe.

Eleventh—We send greetings to Adm. Dewey, whose maritime victory at Manila eclipsed in cost and courage any naval victory of the world. To the friends and relatives of Ensign Bagley, whose noble young life was the first forfeit of the war, we send condolence. To Lieut. Hobson and his comrades, whose brave deed in sinking the Merrimac in Santiago harbor has made them heroes and endeared them to their country, we send cheer and greeting, and commend the anticipated action of the president and congress in recognizing in a fitting way their courageous and heroic conduct, and we demand that their treatment as prisoners of war shall accord with the rules and usages of civilized warfare. To the army and navy, to the boys wearing the blue upon land or sea, we send greeting and encouragement, firm in the belief that their service will add luster to American arms and bring victory to the country's cause. We hereby pledge the republican party of Ohio and its senators and representatives in congress in their support and defense.

Twelfth—In the near future important problems will arise out of the war in which the nation is now engaged. Among others, will be the disposition to be made of conquered territory. The people can safely leave the wise and patriotic solution of these great questions to a republican president and a republican congress.

Thirteenth—The civil service law was extended by the last democratic administration far beyond its purpose and intent, and we favor such modification thereof and such revocation of orders as will conform it to the original spirit and object of the law

Fourteenth—We regret the enforced absence from this convention of Senators Foraker and Hanna, but we earnestly commend that fidelity to duty which prompts them to remain at Washington, and we heartily approve of their determination to stay there until the will of the American people is carried out and our flag once more floats over the Hawaiian islands, never again to be hauled down.

Fifteenth—We rejoice in the election of Marcus A. Hanna to the senate of the United States for the short and long terms, as demanded by the republicans of Ohio last year, and we heartily approve of the action of those members of the general assembly who have by their votes and their party loyalty in electing him made effective the will of the people as expressed at the polls in November last. We commend party loyalty everywhere as essential to the triumph of our great principles.

Sixteenth—We commend the wise administration of the executive affairs of this state by the heads of the various departments, placed in authority by the republican party.

After the adoption of a resolution of condolence to the family of the late E. W. Poe, the convention adjourned, **having been in session less than one hour and a half.**

THIS IS NO FAKE.

But Fair, Square Legitimate Business.

Purchasers of Shoes in Lima can not be blinded by flaming posters announcing "Railroad Wrecked" goods at frightfully low prices, etc. Every intelligent person knows that they cannot get something for nothing Therefore when any fakir comes forward and advertises his stock of shoddy, moth-eaten, shelf worn goods at a "great sacrifice," you may be sure the intelligent citizen pays no attention to such talk. They are the class that Neice wants to trade with, and he now offers a Ladies' special Shoe for $1.50 a pair, they cannot be beaten for style or durability in any part of the state. Niece has also a complete line of Men's, Youth's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes of all grades, which he offers at nominally low prices. Don't miss the place.

NIECE,
2-2t 6 Pub. Square.

RAILROAD NEWS.

The C. & E. changes time Sunday.

The Chicago & Erie pay car passed through the city yesterday.

Lee Fluent, operator in the L. E. & W. freight office, left this morning for Jackson, Michigan, called there by the serious sickness of his mother.

Frank Schott, boiler maker at the C., H. & D. shops, who was badly scalded a few weeks ago, is still confined to his home, but is recovering as rapidly as could be expected.

Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

I. O. O. F. Notice.

All members of Allen Lodge, I. O. O. F. are requested to meet Friday evening, to confer the third degree upon Brother Cox. By order of James Kenneth, noble grand. There will also be a team practice Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Hover Park Tonight.

The program last night given at the Hover Park auditorium will be repeated tonight, Friday night and Saturday matinee. Performance free. Admission to Park, 10c.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

WHAT DO YOU WANT.

If you want help—a situation, have something to sell or rent, or if you wish to buy something, remember that a "want" in the NEWS costs much less than in any other paper and will bring you more answers than in all the other papers in the aggregate. If you want a girl, you are sure to find a good one through a "want" in THE NEWS. A lady had a want in the Times a week and got no girl. She placed it in THE NEWS, and before 8 p. m. had several applications and secured a first-class girl.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

FACTS

Showing the Strength of Our Industrial Institutions.

Summary View of Lima's Manufacturing Institutions—The Source of the City's Wealth.

Lima is eminently a city of manufactories. From the shops she has derived her greatness, and the busy hum of the industrial centers, unceasing daily, is the never-ending song of her prosperity and the happiness of her citizens. The constant whir of machinery is the music to which she has stepped proudly forward in the line of progress until she stands today without a peer among the cities of her size and population. From the earliest days, when George Washington foretold the importance of Kekionga as a trading post, to the present time, her course along the line of mercantile progress has been rapid and uninterrupted, and the steady influx of new material and new capital has told the story of the reputation she has achieved abroad. Today her shops cover acres of land and give employment to myriads of men who, with their families, constitute the great bulk of a happy, contented population. The area covered by the manufactories is a veritable land of milk and honey, and the happy homes that dot the city are evidence of the condition of her workingmen. She is a city of homes, and the workingman's cottage is as much his castle as the brownstone mansion of the capitalist or the palace of a prince.

The source of her wealth is in the shops and other enterprises which distinguish the city among the inhabitants of men. Were she deprived of them, she must necessarily fall into ruin and decay, for the bone and sinew of her life would be paralyzed, and her strength taken away.

The lines of stores that compose the business section of the city are dependent for support and sustenance upon the shopmen, and were the industrial centers, through any cause, compelled to suspend operations or to remove from the city, these business houses would close their doors in short order. There would be a general exodus to better fields and more promising scenes than an emasculated town.

It is not easy to ascertain the exact amount of money distributed in the city each year through the medium of the manufactories and shops, but it is enough to keep life in business and to Lima in the foremost rank in the commercial world. Of the larger industries, the railroads come first in the matter of wages, the C., H. & D. Company alone leaving an annual average of something like $370,000 among its workingmen.

Then comes the L. E. & W. with an equal amount and the D. & L. N. and Ohio Southern following close behind. The other shops and industries follow in close array, each representing an aggregate of many thousands of dollars annually distributed among its workingmen. The money thus given out is not hoarded. It is placed in general circulation through the mediums of the stores and commercial exchanges. Every merchant in the city looks forward to the various pay days as an event of greater or lesser importance, in proportion to the number of his customers who will be the recipients of money from the respective shops. Thus every class is dependent for subsistence more or less on the manufactories, and the interests of the public might be said to be incorporated in the life of her institutions. The people are the corporations, for they are the general beneficiaries of the incorporated capitali as the capitalists are dependent on the people for their support. The interests are identical. The corporations can no more exist without a share in the profits of the common industry than the multiplicity could thrive without the corporations. A blow at one is fatal to the other, for the interests of both are so interwoven that an injury affects the entire corporate body.

A glance at the various institutions which go to make up Lima's greatness will illustrate the dependency of the city upon them for existence. While Lima's growth was necessarily slow during the early days, she has, nevertheless, since the time of the first pioneers, given promise of the wealth and greatness that was to come. The first decided step forward was probably the construction of the Pennsylvania railroad, which connected the west with the great marts of the east, Lima being a central point and receiving the benefit of the flow of commerce either way. Then came the Dayton and Michigan, now known as the C., H. & D., the greatest north and south railroad system in the country.

The location of the company's shops here set the seal of success and prosperity upon the brow of the town, and was the nucleus around which have since clustered the scores of shops that have been added to her industrial crown.

In the company's shops at present there are about four hundred men employed, and each month the paymaster distributes something like $16,000, which is in a few hours set in circulation, the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker getting the benefit of it in turn. In addition to the shop force is the number of men in the train service, which is not far below the shop force, numerically speaking. Between Toledo and Dayton, over 150 engineers and firemen are employed, and about double that number of conductors, trainmen and yardmen, most of whom have their headquarters here and make their homes in the city. The monthly pay roll to these men will not fall short of $18,000, making a total of about $34,000 per month from one source which is brought into the city.

Last, but not least comes the Detroit & Lima Northern which promises much for Lima in the future. Then came the Columbus Northwestern, a branch of the D. & L. N., and the first road to connect Lima with the state capital, and touching a portion of the state heretofore untraversed by any railroad.

Railroad men, as a rule, are a high salaried class of men, and the amount of money dispensed is greater in proportion to the number of men employed than in other industries, where ordinary labor, unskilled, is more generally employed.

In the shops of the city many men of this latter class find employment, and the rate per capita is consequently smaller, although Lima workmen receive generally better wages than the ordinary workman elsewhere.

CUT THIS OUT . . . .

To settle a controversy between the publishers and ourselves, relative to advertising in these columns, we will give you back 10 per cent of the amount of your purchase, if you will cut this out and hand it to the clerk after making a purchase at our store.

Good until Saturday, June 25th, inst.

THE UNION.

Clothing and Shoe House.

OPENED

To the Tune of Lively Music Was Hover's Park.

Lima's Most Popular Resort Starts With a Flourish—Music and Theatre the Evening's Feature.

Hover's park, one of the most popular resorts in or about this city, was opened last night with a flourish of triumph.

If the initiative evening is a fair criterion by which the rest of the season can be judged, the success of the park this season will be without precedent in its history.

The evening was a most delightful one, and it seemed the people were anxious in their anticipation for the opening night.

The attendance was remarkably large. Early in the evening the city band assembled in the public square and after rendering some choice selections there, they encircled the city on the trolly, a summer car was provided for them and they made the welkin ring with music such as only a Lima band can render.

There is little variation in the arrangement of things at the park, neither is there anything exceptional in the way of amusement, unless, perhaps, the performance of the Faurot Stock Company. They gave a pleasant entertainment which was extensively patronized, and universally enjoyed. The season has opened. The days of the park are in the land, and from this time until October neither lad or lassie shall want for a place to go.

Thirty-five years make a generation. That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

Dr. P. H. Brooks has returned to Lima in pretty good health. He will be pleased to see his old friends. Office in the Faurot block, fourth flat. Come up on elevator. ju 13-1m

WRECKED

By the Railroad---$385,000 Worth of Merchandise

To be Sold by the Railroad Company, Opens Saturday, June 25, at 9 A. M.

The entire stock of a large wholesale clothing house while enroute from New York to Chicago, was wrecked by the railroad company. The adjusters for the railroad company, after carefully examining the stock of clothing, etc., concluded they were not so badly damaged as claimed by the shippers, consequently the entire stock was taken by the railroad company, and will be closed out at retail in 21 days. On account of this Great Wreck Sale of fine Spring and Fall Clothing, the entire building, at 302 north Main street, Metropolitan block, has been leased by the railroad company expressly for this great sale, which begins Saturday, June 25th, at 9 a. m. No sale of this kind has ever occurred in this country, and it may never occur again. In order to prove to you what tremendous sacrifices will be made, we mention a few of the extraordinary bargains that will be offered, and bear in mind that there are over 30,000 different articles we cannot mention here. A splendid Suit of Men's Clothes, all to match, $2.98; this suit is positively worth $15.00. We allow you to take it home, and if you do not think it worth $15.00, return the same and we bind ourselves to refund the $2.98. Men's fine Suits in Cheviots and Scotch Plaids, $5.85, worth $20.00. Men's fine Imported Cassimeres, some with silk and satin linings, all styles, $7.98, actually worth $28.00. Ask to see this suit. Men's fine Dress Pants 98c, worth $5.00. Men's extra fine Suits, equal to the finest tailor made, in imported Worsteds, fancy and plain, $13.99, worth $40.00. Over 1,000 Overcoats, in royal standard Kerseys, Carr Beavers, and, in fact, all the finest grades for $2.98 up. Men's fine Silk Suspenders 9c, worth 75c. Men's Hats in Knox, Miller and Dunlap shapes 98c, worth $3.50. About 700 pairs Boys' Knee Pants 17c, worth $1.00. Boys' Suits 98c, positively worth $5.00. Men's fine Dress Shoes 98c, worth $2.50. Men's extra fine Dress Shoes (some patent leather in this lot) $1.49, worth $3.50. Ladies' fine Vici Kid Shoes $1.49, worth $5.00, and 30,000 other articles we cannot mention here. A host of bargains for the ladies to be almost given away.

This sale will positively open Saturday, June 25th, at 9 a. m., and close in 21 days. Don't miss it if you value money. It will pay you to come a hundred miles to visit this great Railroad Wreck Sale of Clothing, &c. No postponement. Remember day and date. There is no one allowed in the building until Saturday, June 25th, at 9 a. m., when this sale begins, at 302 North Main street, Metropolitan block, between North and Wayne streets, opposite court house, Lima, Ohio.

Excursion rates on all railroads.

2tf S. HART, Conductor.

Norah Lamison.

"Lady Bountiful," the comedy to be given Monday night is not a "problem play." It tells a love story in Pinero's best style, that felicitous blending of pathos and sprightliness, made known here by "Sweet Lavender."

POLICE NEWS.

Frank Smallwood Arrested by His Wife, for Cruelty.

Frank Smallwood, residing on Reese avenue, was arrested last night on complaint of his wife, who charged him with cruelty.

It seems they had some little difference and Frank proceeded to Do-ey her, she screamed, the police came, and the blow almost killed father. He explained the whole affair to Mayor Prophet this morning and paid the penalty of his indiscretion.

Max Bernstine waived examination in Mayor Prophet's court this morning and the junk case will go to the grand jury.

New Chicago Train on Chicago & Erie Railroad.

Effective Sunday, June 26th, train 13 will carry a first class coach to Chicago for the accommodation of passengers leaving Lima 4:59 p. m.

This will be a daily train, except Monday. Baggage will not be carried on this train. This new service gives the Erie an afternoon train for Chicago which will be appreciated by the traveling public.

4th of July Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

Julp 2d, 3d and 4th excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip, will be sold account 4th of July festivities via Pennsylvania lines, return coupons good until Tuesday, July 5th, inclusive. cod

$14 ROUND TRIP FROM LIMA.

Choice of Ten Popular Resorts.

A Delightful Midsummer Outing by the Sea.

One of the ideal vacation trips is a visit to the seashore. Persons who may have participated in that enjoyment are annually anxious to repeat the experience. To those who may not have been that fortunate, a dip in the ocean, a stroll along the sandy beach, and the myriads of pleasures at the disposal of the summer idler by the sea, have a peculiar charm. The largely patronized general excursions inaugurated last season by the Pennsylvania Lines from principal points in Ohio and Indiana brought out that fact. The announcement that the Pennsylvania System will this summer again run special low rate excursions to the seashore will no doubt will be welcome information to persons who may wish to spend highly enjoyable vacations along the ocean.

Wednesday, August 10th, has been fixed as the date for this season's general excursions to the seashore over the Pennsylvania Lines. On that date round trip tickets to ten of of the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast will be sold. The rate will be $14 from Lima. Passengers may visit either Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., or Ocean City, Md.

Excursion tickets will be good returning eleven days including date of sale. Train arrangements will enable excursionists to go through without any discomfort. Sleeping Cars running through Philadelphia to Atlantic City without change via Delaware River Bridge Route will be included in the through car arrangements for these excursions, which will offer exceptional facilities for a delightful midsummer outing by the sea. The date on which they will be run is perhaps the dullest season of the year, when absence from home and business cares will be convenient.

For special information about time of trains and other details, and for descriptive matter of the ten resorts to which tickets will be sold, list of hotels at each, etc., please address F. A. BAUCHENS, Ticket Agent, or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

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LONE JIM'S TENDER SPOT.

Though an Outlaw, He Was Sensitive Over a Mother's Lost Package.

"In days gone by," said the man with the briarroot pipe as we settled down in the smoking compartment, "I knocked around in the west a great deal, and for a year or two I lived out at Rocky Bar, Ida. I met a young chap there from Massachusetts who'd seen hard lines and was on his last legs. He was sick for weeks and weeks before he died. He knew well enough that his life was ebbing away, but he was clear grit and never uttered a complaint. On several occasions I asked about his friends and offered to write a letter for him, but he shook his head and said he had no relations. I had my own opinion on that matter, however. Now and then as the days dragged away and the grave came nearer I caught him with such a yearning look on his face as made my heart ache. Sometimes, too, there were tears in his eyes, though he tried to hide them. I felt sure there was a mother, or a sister at least, but there was a cloud over his life, and I did not urge him to tell me his story. He was proud spirited and sensitive, and long enough before he died I knew he would pass away and make no sign. After his death I found a package and a letter which he had prepared. In the letter he asked me to forward the package, which was addressed to a woman in Boston. I did not open it, of course, but from the looks of it I believed it to contain a letter and a photograph.

"I was going over to Boise City," continued the man as the reporter became interested, "and I took the package along to mail it there. I happened to be the only passenger in the stage, and the stage happened to be held up. I had $300 sewed into the bottoms of my trousers and $40 in loose money to hand over. In searching me the robber found the package, and though I explained what it was and how I came by it he insisted on carrying it off with him. I offered to give him $100 to send it in to me at Boise City, but he was a surly, ill tempered brute and gave me no satisfaction. After we got into Boise I was telling the story in the barroom of a hotel, and when I had finished a man winked for me to step out doors with him. When we were alone, he asked:

"'Stranger, do you honestly believe that package was for the dead boy's mother?'

"'I am sure of it,' said I.

"'And what sort of a lookin case was the robber?'

"'Rather tall, reddish hair and whiskers, buckskin leggings, blue eyes, a little lop shouldered.'

"'Will you be here for two or three days?'

"'Yes, for a week.'

"He walked off, and I did not see him again for three days. Then he came to my room at the hotel and handed me the package and quietly said:

"'You see I got it, and I hope you'll forward it on.

"'But how did you get it?' I asked.

"'Went after it.'

"'And you—you'—

"'Yes, I found the chap. He wouldn't give it up, and that stain on the paper comes from his blood.'

"I thanked him, but he made very light of what he had done and went away. I remained in Boise several days, but did not see him again. In the course of a couple of weeks I got down to Mountain City, and just as I reached there a sheriff's posse brought in my man on a buckboard. He had been riddled with bullets two hours before out on the Rock City road. I think they said he was struck by 12 balls and was dead before he tumbled over."

"Then your man was"—

"A road agent called Lone Jim and a chap with nerve enough for five men. Queer that he had such a soft spot about him, wasn't it?"—Detroit Free Press.

The Lobster's Fear of Thunder.

One of the lobster's queer feats is that of purposely amputating his enormous and almost useless claws in time of real or fancied danger. He dreads thunder above all things, and when the peals are uncommonly loud or frequent he deftly drops his claws and takes to deep water with all possible speed. It is also said that anything irritating will cause a similar exhibition of this peculiar power. Boys who are acquainted with this curious fact in natural history often frequent the fish stalls of the larger cities and with straws tickle the imprisoned lobsters until they have the appearance of having been through a thrashing machine. Lobsters thus deprived of their limbs soon grow others, a faculty possessed by but few living creatures.—St. Louis Republic.

Solved at Last.

Mrs. McSmith—They say married women live longer than single women. I wonder why it is.

McSmith—For spite, I guess.

Mrs. McSmith—I think you must be right. I have often heard of women spiting themselves.—Brooklyn Eagle.

WARD M'ALLISTER.

An English View of the Late Leader of New York Upperdom.

McAllister may be said to have discovered New York society—not that there was no society in New York before he appeared upon the scene, for of course there was, just as there was "a dark continent" before Stanley plunged into its fastnesses. There has always been society in New York, and good society too, even in the days when Peter Stuyvesant hobbled about on his wooden leg and "ladyes faire" promenaded the Battery front, where now in the cool of the summer evenings the tramp regales himself by sniffing the salty breezes that blow in from the Narrows.

But when McAllister made up his mind to write his name on history's page the rich people of New York had a great deal to learn. There was money in abundance, but tact, refinement and diplomacy were lacking, and the art of gossiping over the teacup was to be taught anew. McAllister set about his life's task with the ardor of a Crusader. In New York he was at once the best liked man and the best hated man. He was liked by those whom he had smiled upon and hated by those whom he had not helped into prominence.

McAllister undoubtedly dated his social leadership from the time he instituted his famous picnics, which for a quarter of a century were the features of Newport summer life. These picnics were given on his farm, where the daintiest creations of the culinary artist were set before the swells of the seaside city. His guests traveled by stagecoach or carriage from Newport to the farm, and the breakfasts and luncheons provided by McAllister were the finest that money and good judgment could secure.

The picnics never lost their prestige, despite the colossal balls and monumental dinners which now dwarf all ordinary entertainments at Newport. McAllister never made the mistake of mixing up his guests. He was accused of exclusiveness, but he defended himself by saying that he was simply carrying out the views and sentiments of the constituency which he voluntarily served. In his famous definitions of the Four Hundred people have come to see that he was right from this point of view, and he was respected for having the courage of his opinions.

In that original declaration, moreover, there was a secondary statement to the effect that the center of the Four Hundred was surrounded by an adjacent margin of about 1,000 persons who could be relied upon for large balls and other entertainments. In other words, he placed the Four Hundred in much the same position as Napoleon placed the Old Guard, and the 1,000 persons whom he mentioned in his secondary statement he regarded as a reserve force to be called upon in case of need. He was speaking only of the active combatants and not of those who had retired from the social fray or could only be counted upon to serve upon great occasions.—London Sketch.

Novel Railroad Track.

A novel kind of street railroad track has been constructed for one of the lines in San Francisco. Ties, as described in The Engineer, are laid after the manner of ordinary work and earth and fine broken stone rammed in between until flush with their tops. The rail is a Z rail, but inclined inward in the same way as a slot rail, and about every six or eight feet a bar is bolted to the rails to preserve the gauge. Upon the top of the ties and the surface formed by the rammed earth are laid five inches of concrete brought to a smooth, true curve on top, with a crown of about an inch and upon this is laid an inch of sod, and then the paving blocks are put in, the latter being nearly cubical and soaked in hot coal tar. The blocks on the inside next the rail are shaped to permit the flange of the wheel to travel, and all the blocks are so laid as to present no wide joints, the appearance at a little distance being that of an asphaltum pavement. Vehicles can cross the track at any angle without in any degree twisting or wrenching the wheels.

Explaining a Joke.

Two girls were riding in a Pittsburg cable car, and one of them was reading a comic paper.

"I don't see the point to this joke," said the reader as she displayed to her companion a picture. It represented a man in his shirt sleeves with a tiny baby on his lap and was labeled "The New Woman."

The other girl was thoughtful for a few moments, and then she said:

"Oh, that's plain enough. The baby is a girl, and of course it's quite new. Don't you see?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Music Was Divine.

Miss Budd (to famous pianist)—That music was truly divine, monsieur.

Ah, mamselle, zat is indeed praise, for who but an angel would know divine music?—Exchange.

COLLEGE TRAINING.

Practical Value to a Young Man as Stated by Mr. Chauncey Depew.

"As to the advantage of a college training in actual everyday business and professional life," says Chauncey Depew in the Boston Herald, "there is this to say: Some exceptionally strong men there be—in the aggregate indeed a great many of them—who seem to get through life as well without the knowledge and training to be acquired at college as if a full course had been taken. Yet it is my opinion that these men, even those of most marked success, would have done better had they been college trained. They might not have risen higher, but the rise would probably have been easier, and on the whole more satisfactory to them. To the average man the college course is extremely valuable. It teaches him how to use his mental powers, how to reason from cause to effect and back again, how to concentrate his energies, how to adapt himself quickly to suddenly changed conditions. Whoever would succeed in real life must get this training somehow, and in my judgment it is better to get it in college than while 'sweeping out an office.'

"If the 'sweeper out' gets ahead of the college boy in business, in his profession or in public affairs, depend upon it, it is because of superior native ability, harder work or great endurance. It is in spite of the lack of college training, not because of it. I know that, as a rule, the great corporations of today choose heads of departments mostly from the ranks of college graduates holding subordinate places—not because of the mere possession of diplomas by the graduates, but because the college man so often displays more ability, sounder reasoning, better judgment and quicker decision. But the young man who cannot get to college should not be discouraged by this state of things. He should work and study all the harder.

"As a matter of fact," continued the speaker, "almost any young man who really wishes to do so can go to college. It is as easy to work your way through now as it ever was. To be sure, owing to a combination of circumstances for which the colleges are not to blame, and which they cannot do away with, it is much more expensive nowadays at some of the older institutions than it ever was before. But if this is the deterring cause the young man who is debating with himself as to whether or not he should go to college need not hesitate, for it is still possible to take the full course at nearly every one of the smaller colleges at much less cost than at Yale, Harvard or Princeton. At the Leland Stanford university in California, for instance, at Cornell, at Ann Arbor and at many other colleges which I might name the training is all that need be desired, and the financial requirements are much less than at the older eastern schools. I am sure the poor man has as good an opportunity to work his way through college now as he had 40 years ago."

A Pert Retort.

This story is told of a master of Trinity college in days long gone by who had a partiality for figs. He held that there was one supreme moment in the existence of a fig when it should be eaten, not a minute before or after, and he watched over his fig tree with tenderness and devotion. It was a mild year, and the sun had done his best in the perfecting process, and hoping to enjoy his favorite fruit on the morrow the master wrapped a piece of silver paper round it, leaving it labeled, "The master's fig." What a very foolish thing to do with a few hundred "undergrads" about! The auspicious day dawned, and the master, looking at his watch for the last time, walked confidently across the quad. But imagine his dismay on finding his precious tidbit gone, and on the now empty packet the label, "A fig for the master."—Household Words.

Chateau Lafitte.

In 1793 the vineyard belonged to M. de Pichard, president of the Guienne parliament, and the republican leaders did a good stroke of business by guillotining him and appropriating his property. It was, however, soon sold by the state, and after passing from purchaser to purchaser at an average price of about £40,000 it was bought some 25 years ago by Baron James de Rothschild for £180,000 and still remains in his family. About £6,000 a year is spent on its cultivation. There is perhaps no wine that gains more by keeping, and some seven or eight years ago a bin of the vintage of 1864 fetched no less than 50 francs a bottle at Bordeaux itself.—Blackwood's Magazine.

All the Difference in the World.

Rural Magistrate—Konrad, you are charged with committing an assault on the night watchman.

Konrad—I only threw his jacket behind the stove.

Night Watchman—Yes, your worship, but I was inside the jacket, and that makes all the difference.—Dorfbarbier.

THE ABBEY BY THE SKELL.

In the abbey by the Skell.
Oh, the lapsing of the years
Since the last monastic bell
Sounded sad upon the ears
Of the holy men who there
Bowed in final praise and prayer!

All day long the doves make moan
In the overtopping tower.
From the crevices of stone
Waves the grass and nods the flower.
And yet still doth grandeur dwell
In the abbey by the Skell.

Gone are porch and pillar; gone
Are the windows grand that gave
At the blossom burst of dawn
Such a glory to the nave,
Such a soft, celestial spell
To the abbey by the Skell.

Mourns the immemorial yew
In the cloisters green and wide
For the brother band that grew
By the singing river's side;
Now but one its tale can tell
Of the abbey by the Skell.

What a sermon here is writ
By the ancient hand of time!
We have paused to ponder it
And would weave the text in rhyme
Ere we breathe our low farewell
To the abbey by the Skell.

By a miracle of birth
Beauty buddeth from decay,
So a godly work on earth
Never fadeth quite away,
Though it be not tangible
Like the abbey by the Skell.
—Clinton Scollard in Youth's Companion.

On the "Banks."

On a clear day there is no danger from the big steamers. In the first place, the steamer herself can keep a sharp lookout, and, secondly, as the cod are lethargic in clear weather it is not a busy time with the fishermen, and they would as lief see a steamer turn up as not. At 4 in the afternoon the lines or tanti are laid out. The schooner is the hub of a wheel, so to speak, and the tanti radiate from it like spokes. A six dory schooner usually has lines enough to carry 12,000 hooks. The lines are lifted at 4 in the morning and the cod taken off.

The collisions occur chiefly in the night when the fishermen are snatching a few winks prior to 4 a. m. They have the proper lights burning at the mast and a watch on deck, but if it is very dark with fog or rain the steamer is on top of them before they know it. If they have time to cut the cable, well and good. They lose the cable and their lines, but escape death. If not, the cry "Tout le monde sur le pont!" is hardly uttered when they are literally wiped out by a huge mass of iron and steel careening along at 15 or 20 miles an hour. If they should be lucky enough to get off with bows stove and a man or two killed by the impact, boats from neighboring schooners soon arrive and ask, "Was she British or American?"

"God knows," is the reply of the agitated men. "All we know is we saw the flash of a monster and heard voices blaspheming in a foreign tongue."—Newfoundland Cor. New York Post.

The Power of Eloquence.

History teems with examples of the power of eloquence. A good story of an incident which occurred the other day in a Cardiganshire chapel where the congregation was made up largely of seafaring men is now going the rounds: "A figure used by the preacher related to a captain at his wits' end when navigating his ship through a narrow, shallow, winding channel abounding with rocks and strong currents. The faces of some of the listeners were perfect pictures as the preacher eloquently described the details and the difficulties of the voyage. The ship ran against a bank, and in a thrilling burst the preacher shouted, 'What shall we do?' 'God knows,' cried an old sailor, 'for you are going starn foremost!'"—London Exchange.

To Cure Scars.

Scars are often very ugly things and disagreeable marks when they exist in a prominent place on the skin. Probably nothing can remove a big scar the tissue of which has become fibrous and unyielding, but the following recipe, to be applied on lint and allowed to remain on the part for a little time daily, will effect an improvement in small scars and blemishes: Borax, 1 1-2 ounces; salicylic acid, 12 grains; glycerin, 3 drams; rosewater, 6 ounces. Mix.

THE UPWARD GLANCE.

It Is Not Equally Effective In All Conditions of Women.

With the advent of Turkish rooms and various oriental decorations came also the delightful fashion of floor cushions. Nothing gives a room such a cozy appearance, and surely nothing is less difficult or expensive to own.

They are charming in the drawing room, or sitting room near the open grate fire, or on the veranda in the summer twilight.

If finished with large brass rings, they are easily moved about, placed perhaps near the great armchair, where some one is telling a thrilling story, or piled at the head of the lounge, where a near and dear friend is stretched languid and weary and looking to be fanned from just such a vantage point.

But the girl who is addicted to the use of floor cushions must beware. To use them well requires quite a little talent and not much avoirdupois, and not only must she be agile and lithe of form, but she must also be one of the women who are at their best looking up.

That women differ in their ability to appear fascinating or even interesting when their eyes are rolled heavenward or even up to the sterner sex, en route to the celestial regions, is one of the facts constantly thrust upon one in the various crowded city conveyances, where women are more apt to be seated than their escorts.

A girl, to look well while talking to some one who stoops to her, must be able to roll her eyes upward without having them disappear under the lids, showing thereby to her cavalier only an expanse of white that is far more apt to be startling than captivating in effect. She must also possess a flexible spine, so that her head moves backward easily and gracefully, revealing a rounded throat and not an unsightly display of muscles.

Very often a girl who is not at her best looking up can talk well and effectively with eyes cast down and lashes drooping. If natural, it is a pretty, modest pose and far more interesting than a shower of glances meant to be coquettish, but failing utterly from physical deficiencies.

Many a girl who is distinguished in appearance and wholly captivating in manner when seated on a tete-a-tete or standing by a table or leaning on a chair is awkward and ill at ease if compelled to throw her head back and look up while conversing. Such a girl should avoid the enticing charms of the floor cushions. They are not for her.

They are for the young woman who curls thereon with unconscious oriental grace, whose every upward glance is a revelation of a new witchery and charm, until her auditors are forced to the conclusion that in some previous incarnation she must have been a dusky sultana or an Indian princess whose only object in life was to loll on soft cushions.—Philadelphia Press.

Nothing daunted by what would have broken a feebler spirit, the disillusioned conqueror turned to the conquest of another world. Africa had failed him, but Asia was near, and a revolution might be effected there. The maltreatment of French merchants in Syria had been one of the directory's original grounds of complaint. It must serve another turn, and if the sultan were sufficiently humbled he might be compelled to an alliance against the menacing league of Russia and Austria.—Professor Sloane's "Life of Napoleon" in Century.

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REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To MANSFIELD, OHIO—June 27th and 28th, for State Christian Endeavor Convention. From points in Ohio only; good returning until July 1st.

To PUT-IN-BAY, OHIO—June 28th and 29th, account State Teachers' Association Meeting. Return limit July 2d. From points in Ohio only.

To WASHINGTON, D. C.—July 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the National Educational Association Meeting. Good to return July 15th, with privilege to extend return limit until August 31st.

To CHICAGO, ILL.—July 12th and 13th, for Young People's Christian Union, Universalist Church. Good returning July 21st, with privilege to extend until August 10th.

To BUFFALO, N Y—July 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, good returning until July 20th, with privilege to extend until September 1, account Baptist Young People's Union International Convention.

To SARATOGA, N Y—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U P Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

To PITTSBURG, PA—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address C. L. KIMBALL, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Toledo every Sunday via C, H & D, only $1 for the round trip.

Religious Meeting, Linwood Park, Vermillion, O., August 2-22, 1898—Agents of the C, H & D Ry, north of and including Dayton will sell tickets at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold August 1st to 22d inclusive, good going date of sale good, returning from Vermillion up to and including August 31st, 1898.

Dayton and Return—On June 27 and 28 the C, H & D Ry will sell tickets at one fare.

Omaha and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C, H & D Ry will sell round trip tickets at $30.50.

Kansas City, Mo., and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C, H & D Ry will sell round trip tickets at $27.50.

Homeseekers' Excursion to the West on June 21, at one fare plus $2.00.

Detroit and Return—June 27 and 28 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets at $3.40, good to return until July 4.

Tourist tickets on sale every day to the North, East and West, at very low rates.

Wheeling, W. Va., and Return—On June 23, 24 and 25 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets at $5.55, good to return until the 30.

Toledo and Return—On June 15 and 16 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets at $2.10, good to return until the 20.

Dayton Soldiers Home—On June 23 the C, H & D will sell tickets for train leaving Lima at 5:45 a m at $1.75.

Louisville, Ky., and Return—On June 19 and 20 the C, H & D Ry will sell round trip tickets at $6.80.

Buffalo, N. Y., and Return—On July 12, 13, 14 and 15 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets, good until Sept 1, at $9.30.

Washington, D C—On July 3, 4 and 5 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets at one fare.

Nashville, Tenn., and Return—On July 2, 3, 4 and 5 the C, H & D will sell excursion tickets at one fare, good to return until the 15.

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EER DANCING PARTIES.

Where the Festivities Were of Uncanny or Unusual Nature.

ngh at the present day the r of balls and dancing parties ucted upon general lines and t little that is novel, there en at all times a few enter- hostesses who have broken the thick hide of convention en their guests something in the dancing party line.

fer instance, must have been or hostess who, during the the great plague of London, ught into fashion the dance At these dances, which be- ry popular among a certain ing that terrible period, the both male and female, who vited to these grewsome were disguised as skeletons, utterly reckless had the ade people that in many y left the ballroom and in of night finished their dance en streets.

hat curious, too, were the lis which became the rage at the close of the reign of The dancers, dressed in the costumes, had one and all a crape around the left arm, e could be invited to one of s unless he or she had lost he reign of terror at least on by the guillotine. Con- he wholesale butchery that ged in under Robespierre, ple, we should imagine, e upper classes were quali- n invitation.

dress balls in which the dressed in costumes rep- the pieces in a set of chess- by no means uncommon, rt time ago a certain host- one better than this and d dance at which the in- sts were asked to appear aracter of the particular rd allotted to them. The the majority of the guests st elaborate, particularly the court cards, but the a gentleman to whose lot the character of ace of was simplicity itself. He in ordinary dress, but a nt diamond sparkled in the is dress shirt front. This likewise followed by the representing the five of suit, who, in addition to a n his shirt front, wore a mond links.

eople, as many of our read- ware, provided they have d for a sufficiently long the apartment in which one well known to them, about as quickly as people eyesight. At a certain m in London dances often among the inmates, and little curious to see couples totally blind waltzing oom, never colliding with les and dancing as grace- eir seeing brethren. In s one knew that the dan- blind one would never om their manner of danc-

inmates of many mad ot only dance, but dance within the knowledge of who has been present at a n by such an establish- en in Germany, the writer ded a ball given by a mad Hesse and could hardly t many of his charming ore otherwise than clothed ght mind. It was only doctor had assured him t partner had thrown her daughter out of the win- at the one before that ound promenading one of l thoroughfares of Gies- e of nature, that the gen- iness of the dance was ught home to him.—Lon- s.

on's Use of Etiquette.

of rigid etiquette were tood by Bonaparte. He the dazzling power of e fascination of conde- l the mastery of woman ct of affairs. All such e lavished with a profu- could have been conceiv- n oriental imagination. verpower the senses by ve contrast and symbol- mph of that dominant of which he claimed to pion against aristocrats, gs and emperors, the sim- e revolution was personi- phasized in his own form tious frugality, his dis- ss, his contempt for per- and its outward signs ightened by the setting ed them as a frame of ten heightens the char- portrait of a homely ssor Sloane's "Life of n Century.

Gibbon.

face was full and red. he became exceedingly s features grew flabby. interested in conversa- show indications of the ect that conceived and the greatest historical oduced by the unaided man.

PIGEONS AS MESSENGERS.

Advantages of Their Use For the Rapid Concentration of Naval Forces.

The twenty-third volume of proceedings of the United States Naval institute has among its contents several ably written papers on subjects interesting to the navy. Lieutenant E. W. Eberle contributes a paper on "Homing Pigeons as Messengers of the Fleet," in which he refers to the advantages and practical workings of a messenger pigeon service and points out conditions under which it may be used with advantage to the fleet. In his paper Lieutenant Eberle says:

"From its geographical surroundings Key West will become our most important pigeon station on the Atlantic, and Port Townshend, which controls the strait of Fuca and entrance to Puget sound, will be the most important on the Pacific. Port Townshend station can control the entire entrance to the western possessions of Great Britain, and this would prove of great value in the event of hostilities with that country.

"The rapid concentration of naval forces at the point of attack or the movement of forces to intercept the enemy is only made possible when we have a system by which we can communicate rapidly with the shore station from long distances at sea, and the messenger pigeon service is the only system by which we can obtain such communication. This service might be called, very appropriately, a 'sea telegraph' system, and although its messages cannot be dispatched with the speed and absolute certainty of the telegraph yet the system has the advantage of forwarding its messages from any position within definite limits, and therefore it is not necessary to seek the telegraph station in order to send a message.

"In the event of hostilities many more messages than those given in the above illustrations would be sent in order to insure the receipt of important information, and if only one of the many little messengers should arrive in time to enable our fleet to maneuver so as to engage the enemy before he could inflict appalling destruction of life and property upon some one of our seaports, then this service would prove itself most valuable to the government and well worth the small annual sum required to maintain its efficiency.

"It requires but one practical illustration to strike home and to open our eyes to the merits of this service. Let a single human life be saved from shipwreck in a time of peace or let one maneuver of the enemy's fleet be frustrated in the midst of war by the timely arrival of one of these swift winged, trusty little carriers with its urgent message, and all the country will applaud the result and will realize the value of a messenger pigeon service upon the seas."—Baltimore Sun.

Four Footed.

A family that had not been boarding for so very long in a certain Madison avenue house left rather suddenly the other day. It was all on account of a bull pup that just previous to the departure was purchased by the son and heir, but without consulting the elders of the family. He bore it home in triumph. Whom should he meet upon the threshold but the landlady. "Is that your pup?" she asked menacingly. The son and heir said that it was. "You expect to keep it here?" The son and heir said that he did. The landlady planted herself before the door. "No four footed beast enters this house," said she. "Madam, you're a four footed beast yourself," cried the son and heir. The departure took place that same evening.—New York Sun.

"Bummer."

When people are trying to be very polite in their language, they avoid the use of the word "bummer," yet it is a most respectable word and is not slang by any means. It is not even an "Americanism," but has come to us from our English relatives and is found in the English market bylaws of two centuries ago.

In the form "bummaree" it appears in advertisements in The Publick Intelligencer of 1660.

Originally it meant a fish peddler. You are likely to get your head broken, however, if you mention it to an honest American citizen of that occupation now.

The United States did not acquire the word until the early fifties, when it appeared in California.—New York World.

Unjust.

"I am very much afraid," said the offhand commentator, "that the gentleman who was in here does not make the most of his abilities. Unquestionably he has talent, but he lacks application."

Boston Girl—She is a very superior person. She belongs to a Mayflower family.

Minneapolis Girl—Pshaw, that isn't in it a minute with one of our Minneapolis flour families.—Detroit Free Press.

THE MOON AND I.

A golden moon that leans her gentle face
On the blue darkness of the summer sky—
We watched her steal aloft a little space,
My love and I.

Parting the opal clouds, upward she rose
To wander lonely mid the stars on high.
We thought our world as bright as one of those,
My love and I.

Dear love, the moonlight smote your rippling hair
And made you smile you knew not how nor why.
My heart beat strangely as we lingered there,
My love and I.

I asked her, fooled by the bewildering light,
If she would try to love me by and by.
She rose and left me. I stood in the night,
The moon and I.

—A. Matheson in Good Words.

DOG ELECTED MARSHAL.

A Four Footed Candidate That Polled Thirty-one Votes Over His Opponent.

Forty years ago a man in Aurora, Ind., owned a huge Newfoundland that was known all over the town by the name of Bob. The man was Jim Kelso, a conspicuous character of those days. The dog possessed wonderful sagacity and would do almost anything within reason that its master directed it to do, and when told to "take him" would throttle and down the strongest man and hold its victim without harming him seriously until ordered to release him by its master.

So great was the reputation of this sagacious animal for police duty that in the spring of 1859, at the city election, the dog, under the name of Bob Kelso, was voted for at the polls and beat for the office of city marshal Clint Theetge, the principal candidate, by a majority of 31 votes. Old Captain Weaver and several other wealthy citizens of that period promptly proposed to have the dog properly invested with the rights of the office to which such a decisive majority had duly declared at regular election a preference for over its human competitor and prepared in legal form an official bond in the sum of $50,000, signed by numerous sportive parties and with a certificate from the election board, that Bob had received a majority of 31 votes over Candidate Theetge.

They presented themselves before Mayor Starks, with the dog wearing an officer's star on its breast and carrying in its mouth the official bond, certificate of election, etc., and then, ordering the canine to stand on its hind feet and hold up its right paw in position to take the oath of office, requested the mayor to swear the animal to faithfully discharge the duties for which it had been elected, as required by law.

The mayor refused, regarding the proceedings as a joke, but the backers of the brute asserted their sincerity in the matter and insisted that the dog be recognized as the city marshal, or they would defeat the mayor for re-election. The determination of the parties kept his honor in a quandary for several days until Theetge could invoke the aid of the law to put him in the position, but he afterward became so disgusted over the affair that he resigned and moved to Missouri and died there soon after.

Kelso met with misfortune and committed suicide and the dog became the property of Tom Wainscott, who enlisted in the army at the breaking out of the war and made a gallant soldier of the Eighteenth Indiana volunteers. Wainscott took the dog to the war with him, and whether on the march, in the camp or amid the thunders of battle he was never separated from his four footed companion.

At the battle of Pea Ridge Tom Wainscott was shot to death. The next day when the detachment of soldiers sent to bury the dead appeared on the sanguinary field they found the devoted animal standing guard by the side of its lifeless master, and no efforts could induce it to leave the body or allow any one to touch it.

Finally a soldier seized hold of the corpse to drag it away when the dog attacked him with such ferocity that his comrades, in fear of his life, ran it through with their bayonets to rescue him from his peril, but in recognition of the undying devotion of the faithful creature to its dead master they buried it at his feet in token of their respect for its fidelity. Thus heroically perished this brave brute, a martyr to its instincts of duty.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Norway is more properly Noreg, meaning "north isle." It is called by the natives "the North Kingdom."

A Narrow Escape.

Freshley—That pair of cuffs came near winning me $1,000,000 once.

Dashley—How?

Freshley—I met an heiress worth that much one night, and as my memory is very bad I wrote her address on one of my cuffs. The next day I sent the cuffs to the laundry, and my hopes of a fortune were washed away forever.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Soda Water Removes Warts.

Do not disfigure the hand with caustic to remove warts, but touch them with strong soda water several times a day. They will disappear.—Exchange

INDEPENDANT IN ALL THINGS---NEUTRAL IN NONE

"Advertising is like learning—A LITTLE is dangerous."—P. T. Barnum.

"Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own."—A. T. Stewart.

Newspapers are the great educators of the world, if uncontrolled by factions or any party allegiance. There is but ONE Paper in Lima non-political and fearless; presenting the news as it transpires, free of petty jealousies and party coloring. That Paper is

The . . . . . Lima News.

Delivered at your door for 10 cents a week.

More Local News
More War News
It Reaches the Masses

More Labor News
More Feminine News
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HATS, BONNETS AND BABY CAPS

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

RIBBONS! RIBBONS!

Sash, fancy, plain, plaids and all kinds of Ribbons at half price. Shirt Waists, white and all kinds. Separate Skirts, in silk and brocaded satin, plaids and plain. All kinds of Worsted Skirts also Linen Skirts of all kinds at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. A large assortment of Wrappers at prices that will surprise you. All the newest things that can be produced in

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

At a greatly reduced price. An immense line of Belts, all the latest, at less than half price. Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroidery, Laces, in fact everything in the store at prices that will move the goods quick. So come early and get first choice. Our line is full in every department. Goods are all new.

The Greatest Bargains Ever Offered to the Public

—AT—

MRS. F. LIGHT'S,

134 North Main Street.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

Canton Orion, I. O. O. F.
B. P. O. Elks.
H. of R. M.
Moulders' Union.

ABOUT THE CITY.

Late Local News in a Condensed Form For Busy Readers.

J. W. Koop, a grocer at St. Marys, suicided by shooting himself in the temple.

The fire insurance agents are enjoying an outing at McBeth's lake this afternoon.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Mechling, of North Elizabeth street, a twelve-pound boy.

There was a large attendance at Pythian hall last night to witness the conferring of the third rank upon three candidates. A lunch was served after the work.

Co. B, Capt. Scott, will meet in the armory this evening for drill. Guns have been received and instructions in the manual of arms will be given. Col. Thomas will review the company.

At the regular commencement exercises of the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, among the graduates and those receiving degrees were Evelyn Mae Albright and Nellie Cornella Albright, of this city.

A meeting has been called for this afternoon at Klauss hall by the saloonists. They don't like the idea of paying all of the war revenue tax, and think the brewers should pay their share of it, hence the meeting.

Mrs. John Enwright and five children who arrived in Delphos Monday evening from Paris, Ill., without funds, were taken care of by the trustees, and sent to Lima this morning, where the woman said she had relatives. Her husband has not yet appeared.—Delphos Herald.

The Gazette a long time ago published a very sensational article beneath flaring headlines to the effect that a gang of counterfeiters were operating in our midst and that startling developments would follow in a few days. As the developments did not follow, both the officials and people are inclined to believe that the Reprint copied the article from one of its exchanges and applied it to Lima.

BIDS OPENED

For the Paving of West Wayne Street —Gantz, of Columbus, Lowest Bidder.

The bids for the paving of west Wayne street were opened by City Clerk Lynch at noon today. The various bidders were Messrs. Gantz, of Columbus; Barr & O'Brien and Jacob Spyker, of Lima, and N. G. Hane, of Dayton. It is not known what action the council will take, but it is supposed they will accept the bids.

Merchant Tailors Will Close.

LIMA, June 23, 1898.

We, the undersigned merchant tailors of the city of Lima, Ohio, hereby agree to close our places of business at 6 o'clock p. m. during the months of July and August, Saturdays and paydays excepted.

E. Gale, L. T. Furnas, L. Walter, Thompson & Gilles, Werst & Pflum, J. E. Summers, Joseph Blezacker, S. Werner & Co., J. W. McDonald.

Teachers' Meeting.

Put-in-Bay, O., June 28th and 29th. For the above occasion agents of the C. H. & D. Ry. in Ohio will sell tickets at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold June 28th and 29th, good going on date of sale, and good returning up to and including July 2, 1898.

It is a great leap from the old fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and biliousness. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

PERSONAL.

Late Records of Limaites Abroad and Visitors in the City.

Miss Bert Brotherton is home from school in Chicago.

Arthur Thomas, of the Ohio National Bank, is in Detroit.

Miss Ella Morris left last night to spend several months with her sister at Boston.

Mrs. Joseph Reed, of West Wayne, has returned from a three weeks' visit at Canton, O.

Mrs. B. M. Moulton, of Toledo, is visiting her son, H. M. Moulton and wife, of West Market.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bashore, of Paulding, O., is the guest of the latter's mother, Mrs. L. O'Neil.

Mrs. Catherine Crawford, of Columbus Grove, is visiting her daughter, Miss Zeph Baker, of this city.

Miss Lillian Armstrong, of St. Marys, is being entertained by Miss Blanche Wheeler, of West Spring street.

WATSON'S WEATHER.

Increasing cloudiness, with showers onight. Friday warmer.

OILDOM.

The Upward Movement of the Price in Oil Yesterday.

If Reduction of Strikes is Maintained There Will be No Doubt About Return of Prosperity.

In speaking of the advance in oil yesterday the Toledo Commercial says:

"It is true that the movement upward was small—just 1 cent—but it indicates the nature of values everywhere. The constant reduction of strikes, which have been in progress for several months, is beginning to tell. If maintained throughout the year, there can be no doubt about the return of prosperity to the oil industry.

"As far as the Buckeye and Hoosier fields are concerned, there is nothing to fear from over production. New fields will probably be discovered, but the danger of discovering another Wood or Sandusky county seems to be so slight as to be entirely ineffective. We cannot expect to see it. So many test wells have been drilled in the outlying areas that if deposits of great magnitude existed at all there is little doubt but some of them would have touched at least the borders of some of them.

For this reason the disposition to wild-cat in these fields is not very prominent at the present time.

In West Virginia the case is slightly different. There are larger areas lying withing the path of the great oil belt that have not been touched by the drill than are found in these western regions. The army of adventurers is also much larger, and it would not be strange should other rich pools be added to those which have succeeded during the past year in swelling stocks above ground considerably each month. A change, however, seems to have come over even that region, for shipments have again overcome the daily runs. There is, therefore, good hope for the trade of the immediate future."

M. L. Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me. I used one box. It has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

THEY'RE OFF

In a Bunch, Like a Farmer's Whiskers---The Big Race

Between Yale, Harvard and Cornell Decided Today at New London —Cornell Wins.

The great boat race which has been the consuming topic in the college world for months, and which has excited no little interest out of doors, was rowed at New London today. The race decided who are to be the acknowledged champions of the oar for seasons to come. The various teams have trained diligently and well, and they appeared in the pink of condition when they took their place for the race today. It was a contest between two old time rivals and one new one, who it seems is destined to distance them all. There were thousands of people out to the race. College colors and national bunting filled the air, and fluttered from every available place. The bands played college airs, and the sturdy sons of Eli were cheered to the echo, while the wearers of the crimson were warmly appreciated by the crowd.

Cornell was not the favorite in the beginning, however, according to the special, they seem to be in the contest. We give the race in the words of the correspondent at the scene of the race:

Special to The News.

New London, June 23.—The river is in much better shape today, although there are indications that there will be rough water. Cornell had first in the course, Yale next and Harvard outside. The start was made at 12:37 1-2. Harvard took the first water, Yale second, Cornell a half stroke behind. At the quarter Yale had a clear lead of half a length.

Yale slowly but steadily increased and led, approaching half mile. The Cornell crossed the half line first, Yale one boat length behind and Harvard two boat lengths behind Yale. Cornell crossed mile first in 6:39 1-2; Yale followed a second later but a half boat length behind; Harvard two boat lengths in the rear. All three crews row about thirty-four strokes. Yale managed to get a half boat length, but at mile and half Cornell was again in the lead by half length. Time at two miles 12:48:45; Harvard going thirty-two strokes. Cornell won by about three lengths, Yale second, Harvard third. Time, 24 minutes.

Gen. Boynton Assigned.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Gen. H. V. Boynton has been ordered to report to Gen. Burke, who will assign him to the 6th army corps now joining at Chickamauga under Gen. Wilson.

Michigan Troops Leave for Santiago.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The 33d Michigan and one battalion 34th Michigan left Camp Alger Wednesday for Fortress Monroe, whence they go to Santiago.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

By the capsizing of a boat in which a party of young people were rowing on Flint river at Flushing, Mich., Wednesday, Chauncey Cook, aged 18; Lulu Loup, 14; Odalina Loup, 16; and Mildred Packard, aged 2 years, were all drowned. Arthur Maxwell, a young man, 20 years old, in attempting to rescue the party, was also drowned.

The sloop Alfredo, the first vessel of the Cuban navy, sailed from New York Wednesday. The Alfredo is in command of Capt. "Johnny" O'Brien, of filibustering fame, and has a crew of seven men. Her destination is said to be a point on the Cuban coast, which is kept a secret. The Alfredo is a 60 foot sloop yacht with an auxiliary screw operated by a naptha engine.

NAVAL ENLISTMENTS.

Conditions Governing Them—No One Can Be Recruited in Foreign Country During War.

In answer to inquiries from United States ministers abroad, the state department has secured from the navy department and published a statement of the conditions governing naval enlistments. In brief these are that during war no one can be recruited in a foreign country; that aliens who have declared their intention of becoming United States citizens, and in exceptional cases, those who do not, are enlisted, provided they understand the English language. There is no fund for paying traveling expenses before enlistments are made. If aliens are enlisted they are eligible for any position for which they can qualify, but the customs and regulations of the service have been that only men of long and continued service receive the highest ratings, and not even a citizen of the United States residing abroad can enlist in time of war without coming to the United States, unless neutrality laws are violated.

Switzerland's Military Regulations.

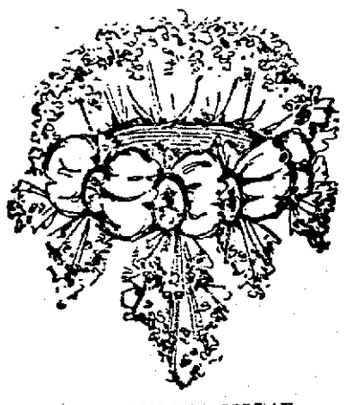
Switzerland, though she spends only $500,000 yearly on her army, can turn out 100,000 trained men in two days in case of need, and has a reserve of 100,000 more, as well as a militia of 270,000.

OF FEMININE INTEREST.

THE CHIFFON RUCHE.

A Convenient and Decorative Little Dog Collar to Wear with the Midsummer Dress.

A very convenient neck ornament for summer dresses is the dog collar made of chiffon. This is fashioned out of a band of satin upon which chiffon is plaited. The chiffon is caught in front with little fancy buttons or clasps.



A CHIFFON DOG COLLAR.

Below each button there falls a tiny ripple of lace.

The collar, which hooks at the side, has a ruffle of stiffened lace around the back, or, if you desire, the ruffle can be left off and the hair can be worn low. The chiffon is caught every four inches and is pulled out in between into a very full puff.

CLUBS AND EVENTS.

Mrs. Evan Evans, of Bellefontaine avenue, was the hostess for a porch party yesterday morning, followed by an unique breakfast. From the pretty shade trees which surrounded the home and the inviting hammocks with plenty of pillows, there was a freshness to the whole affair that afforded much enjoyment for the guests. Cool and dainty frocks of the ladies was in keeping with the morning entertainment. The out of town guests were: Mrs. Dr. Holbrook, Denver, Col., Mrs. Meeks, Buffalo, N. Y., Mrs. A. Harrison, Washington, D. C., and Mrs. A. Snyder, of Warsaw, Ind.

* *

A dispatch from Denver says: At today's session of the General Federation of Women's Clubs the report of the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Philip Moore, of St. Louis, shows that the Federation now includes 595 clubs, with a membership of 60,000, and 30 state federations, made up of 2,110 clubs, with a membership of 150,000. Taking out duplicate memberships it leaves 160,000 women in the country pledged to the motto, "Unity in Diversity." There is an honorary membership of 21. It was also mentioned that the greatest success of the state federations had been along the lines of education, traveling libraries; art league, industrial and manual training for women.

At the library and musical entertainment tonight Miss Annie Laws, of Ohio, presided. Among the addresses delivered was one by Mrs. Calvin S. Brice, on "Woman's Movement to Establish a National University."

* *

A very pretty wedding of the week was that of Miss Lillie Marshall to Wm. Roberts, jr., last evening at the residence of H. Marshall, 1:30 South Pine. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by the Rev. R. J. Thomson, of Market Street Presbyterian Church, Prof. W. E. Clark playing the favorite wedding march, that of Mendelssohn, which beautified the sacredness of the occasion. The bride is a charming blond and appeared in a becoming traveling dress of blue, carrying a cluster of bride's roses. Congratulations were next in order, followed by the wedding feast. At midnight Mr. and Mrs. Roberts left for Niagara, and on their return will welcome their friends in a cosy home on North Union street.

* *

The Stella Rebeckah Lodge will give an entertainment in Solar Hall tomorrow evening, also a supper. The following program will be given:

Music.....Miss Kline and Ralph Lewis
Drama—"Too Much of a Good Thing"....
Music—Mandolin and Guitar.....
.....Mr. and Mrs. Thomas
Music—"The Bandolero".....
.....Williams and Accompaniment
Introduction of Mrs. Jarally's Wax Works
Tableau—Columbia.....

THE PROPOSED ALLIANCE.

Cardinal Vaughan Rejoices in Prospect of a Closer Union Between United States and England.

A dispatch to the New York World from London says: Cardinal Vaughan, in a letter to Mr. E. T. Stead on Anglo-American relations, rejoices at the prospect of a closer friendship of those who are one with Englishmen in blood, language and ideas. The letter closes:

"Personally, I deplore the fact that the United States has chosen war with a weak power like Spain instead of arbitration, which was the alternative. But I would not allow such disapproval to stand in the way of the great benefits that may result from an entente cordiale between England and America.

"If the two peoples combine and encourage each other to make justice and the moral law international and universal, so far as their influence shall extend, they will end by reinstating in the world, the standard which the de-Christianized civilization of modern Europe has laid low."

Ostrich Feathers.

A fine ostrich is calculated to yield $2,000 worth of feathers.

SPECIAL SHOES AT SPECIAL PRICES.

BOYS' SHOES ....THAT.... Wear Well!

Can't help but wear. They are made of the very best leather obtainable, and are sightly looking, too. Bought 30 dozen pairs lately considerably under the price. They are the best shoes you ever saw for a Two-Dollar Bill, and they are yours now for

..$1.50..

Ask for the Shoes We've Advertised.

GOODING'S,

230 North Main Street.

A QUEER PREDICAMENT.

Admiral Miller, of the Pacific Station, Has to Utilize the Albatross as a Flagship.

A special to the New York Tribune from Washington says:

Rear Admiral Miller, commanding the Pacific station, who in the absence of a flagship for the last four months was under the necessity of flying his pennant from the staff of a Honolulu hotel, and who afterward was compelled to transfer it to San Francisco in an effort to place it on some national vessel in order to comply with the naval regulations, which require him to be at least constructively afloat in order to draw sea pay, has at last secured the fish commission steamer Albatross for that purpose, and for the first time in its history the navy department has had to go out of the regular service to find a flagship, so marked has been the effect of the Philippine expedition on Pacific coast naval affairs. In the course of a month the admiral will be able to utilize the Philadelphia as his flagship, temporarily, at least, if that vessel is not immediately ordered to Asiatic waters.

INVADED BY BUGS.

Myriads of Green Flies Take Possession of Jersey City to Discomfort of Inhabitants.

Jersey City, N. J., was invaded the other night by an innumerable swarm of green flies, or bugs, sometimes called shad flies. They came like magic, in clouds, swarming everywhere, with green bodies and white wings and long feelers projecting fore and aft.

So thickly did they spred themselves over the town that the dingy hue of the buildings took on the color of grass. On short acquaintance the new bugs became most offensively familiar and by sheer force of numbers and impudence captured the place. Work in offices was delayed because of the carpet of bugs that spread itself over desks and tables and books. They explored the inner mysteries of typewriting machines and clogged the works; they slid down the backs of the necks of men and women and transformed schoolrooms into places of slaughter, for the children had nothing to do all day but kill bugs.

Important.

When a woman informs you that she is simply rushed to death you can generally depend upon it that she has an engagement with her dressmaker.

Matter of Luck.

A black cat is considered a tremendously lucky possession until it upsets the lamp and you haven't a cent of insurance.

Snail Farm.

A snail farm has been started by a farmer of Anet, France. He has already 200,000 of these creatures, and they eat as much green fodder as two cows.

VERY QUIET.

Nothing of Interest In or About the Court House.

There is at present but little happening in and about the county court house; a few real estate transfers, and now and then some bliss hunting lad, procures the county's consent to try their marital ocean. It is quiet, very quiet about the court house. The stillness is disturbed only by the clerk, who occasionally files a petition, or by the prosecutor, who in the distance is heard to "quash" an indictment. Today's business:

COMMON PLEAS.

Julius P. Bessire vs. village of Bluffton, Melvile Eastman et al., in an action for $5,000 damages for destruction of property and business.

Horace A. Reeve vs. Emblem Risk and Abner Risk, for money had and received in the amount of $300, with interest.

Wm. Ferguson has filed a suit for divorce against his wife, Anna Ferguson.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

TO MANSFIELD, OHIO—June 27th and 28th, for State Christian Endeavor Convention. From points in Ohio only; good returning until July 1st.

TO PUT-IN-BAY, OHIO—June 28th and 29th, account State Teachers' Association Meeting. Return limit July 2d. From points in Ohio only.

TO WASHINGTON, D. C.—July 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the National Educational Association Meeting. Good to return July 15th, with privilege to extend return limit until August 31st.

TO CHICAGO, ILL.—July 12th and 13th, for Young People's Christian Union, Universalist Church. Good returning July 21st, with privilege to extend until August 16th.

FOR PURE WINES, WHISKIES AND BRANDIES, GO TO THE CALIFORNIA WINE CO.

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